NOTICE.

The Circulation of the MINER is greater by 500 than that of any paper published in McKean County, outside of Bradford.

McKean County Miner.

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NOTICE TO BUILDERS

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[illegible]

S. A. [illegible]

TO CONSUMPTIVES

[illegible] having been restored [illegible] after suffering [illegible] with a severe lung [illegible] to make known to [illegible] cure. [illegible] he will cheerfully [illegible] a copy of the prescription [illegible] which they will find a [illegible] Asthma, [illegible] throat and [illegible] hope all sufferers [illegible] invaluable [illegible] the prescription, which [illegible] prove [illegible] Rev. E. [illegible] Williamsburg, Kings County, New York.

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If you have made up your mind to buy Hood's Sarsaparilla do not be induced to take any other. Hood's Sarsaparilla is a peculiar medicine, possessing, by virtue of its peculiar combination, proportion and preparation, curative power superior to any other article. A Boston lady who knew what she wanted, and whose example is worthy imitation, tells her experience below:

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AGENTS WANTED [illegible]

A BREACH OF FAITH

By HJALMAR HJORTH BOYESEN.

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CHAPTER VIII.

"Let . . . [illegible]"

It was [illegible] Gunnar [illegible] Under the [illegible] lessons in mechanical drawing and construction of machines. The manufacturer was a man of genius in his way [illegible] He had a workshop at the top of his house fitted out with expensive [illegible] and mechanical appliances of many kinds. There he spent his [illegible] experimenting with his [illegible] and models for improvements in machinery. He was impatient of dullness and often irritable. But on the other hand his wrath was [illegible] and he was anxious to heal by kindness the wounds which his hard words sometimes inflicted.

"The worst thing about the [illegible]" he said [illegible] "[illegible] Look at all those great strong fine Scandinavian fellows who come over here every year by the thousand. They are too stupid to see the chances which this country offers to every man with a sound heart and a sound brain. The [illegible] themselves to be buried [illegible] at home [illegible] the Lutheran parsons to come after them and put a ring through their noses [illegible] the straight and narrow path of Lutheran orthodoxy to an imaginary paradise where, after having worked all their lives for the parsons, they are to work no more. What folly, what monstrous [illegible] Work no more! [illegible] instead of [illegible] the greatest blessing that God has given to man."

[illegible] usually was [illegible] for hours [illegible] the parsons. Unjust he was no [illegible] as persons of his temperament [illegible] Gunnar could not help being [illegible] all its exaggerations [illegible] little truth. [illegible] the man whom [illegible] What sort of a heart must a man have [illegible] and child [illegible] more [illegible] the woman who loved him and grieved for him than if she had never existed! Mr. Norman [illegible] enthusiasm on the marvels of nature filled the young man at times with a savage wrath [illegible] For what were steel and iron compared with flesh and blood? What were [illegible] compared [illegible] weeping eyes. It was [illegible] to maintain in Mr. Norman's presence this hostile attitude. And yet Gunnar had [illegible] what a person [illegible] he would have [illegible] his father [illegible] instead of persuading himself that he hated him.

He felt [illegible] plainly that if he were to [illegible] he must strike [illegible] before his [illegible] affection should get the upper hand [illegible] to Miss [illegible] and took [illegible] Mathilda [illegible] that she could not [illegible] she would [illegible] swiftly [illegible] a plan by which she [illegible] Gunnar from the [illegible] at the same time earn [illegible] cash of which she was [illegible] for a new dress. She [illegible] her lover with the aid of [illegible] tender [illegible] to let her manage the affair and he, after many [illegible] finally acquiesced. Only [illegible] must be no delay. The blow must be struck at once. He feared that if he did not confess it that if she gave him time for reflection his courage would desert him. The next day was Saturday and Mathilda gave her word that in Sunday morning's papers Mr. Norman's crimes should be properly trumpeted with flaring headlines and spicy details.

It was really a great relief to Gunnar to escape striking the blow with his own hand. And yet he was anything but happy. A kind of perverse sense of duty which he had stimulated by meditation upon his mother's wrongs forbade him to [illegible] and yet he felt mean and dastardly as he sat opposite to his father at the dinner table listening to his kindly and instructive talk. The desire to benefit and instruct him was so obvious that every remark cut the son to the quick and made him quiver with suppressed excitement. He was on the point of breaking down and confessing his plot, but the thought of his mother's toil and suffering braced him up again and made him adhere to his resolution. When the meal was at an end he was about to hurry away from the kindness that scorched him, but Mr. Norman put his hand on his shoulder and asked him to step into the library, as he had something very particular to say to him. When they were seated in open chairs before the open fire they smoked for awhile in meditative silence. But the face of each betrayed dimly the emotions which wrestled within him.

"Finn," began Mr. Norman, blowing a slender column of smoke toward the fireplace, "will you do me a favor?"

"I shall have to know first what it is."

"Well, you are right in not making rash promises. But when I tell you that my peace of mind, my happiness depends upon your doing this for me I think you'll not refuse."

Gunnar's heart thumped in his throat. He dreaded what was to come, and yet he could not tell whether it was a wild joy or a desperate anxiety which chased the blood through his veins and made his pulse hammer in his temples.

"The fact is, Finn, I have a wife and a son," Mr. Norman continued. "I know they are both living and I want you to go to them. Tell them I am alive and [illegible] them as much as ever. Tell them I am a rich man and that I want them to come and spend the rest of their days with me."

He stared fixedly into the fire while [illegible] but Gunnar saw his lip tremble [illegible] a sudden moisture clouded his eyes and made him rise abruptly and pace the floor.

"How long is it since you left your wife and son?" asked Gunnar with a mighty effort [illegible] emotion.

"Eighteen years, my boy," answered Norman musingly. "Eighteen years."

He [illegible] walk up and down on the floor with his head bent.

"You think I am much to blame, and you are right. I wish I could explain it to you, but I can't. I was miserable—in the Norse [illegible] utterly incurably miserable because there was something [illegible] me which no one understood. [illegible] I told my [illegible] the Norwegian parson of it and [illegible] said it was the devil tempting me. I thought for a while he was right. My wife agreed with the parson. I was [illegible] and gave her many a bitter hour. I had no choice but to break away. She [illegible] Hard and [illegible] I found my work and [illegible] I have not known a really happy hour since, though I have [illegible] and longing for [illegible] to me."

"Why [illegible] did you not go to them [illegible] which no effort could [illegible]"

"Young man, it may seem foolish to you [illegible] I say that I never had the time," answered Norman, flinging himself against the iron chair, "but for all that it is [illegible] fact. My work has possessed [illegible] a first love which [illegible] I postponed [illegible] my duty because I dreaded to see the Norwegian parsons in my [illegible] until I should feel strong enough to fight them on their own ground. I assumed the name Norman [illegible] I wanted to be wholly an American and take the place to which my [illegible] entitled me in the American community. I could never have done that if I had assumed again the spiritual yoke which it cost me such a dire struggle to throw off."

"Then it is a burden you take back, wife and child," asked Gunnar with a resentful glance.

"Oh, no! [illegible] them I have longed after them [illegible]" cried his father [illegible] and resuming [illegible]

"But I [illegible] can never make it plain to you [illegible] and yet I deplore certain phases of her character. Once my wife came near subjugating me [illegible] from the best of motives, crushing out that which was noblest and most precious in me. As long as I feared that [illegible] Now I fear it no longer [illegible] to let her know [illegible]"

[illegible] for about an hour and [illegible] himself as [illegible] He began [illegible] that his father [illegible] which was an overruling [illegible] for his life, could not be [illegible] by the same standard [illegible] But just as he had [illegible] something touched him with a cold horror and sent a shudder down his back. [illegible] "His wretched revenge!" He was [illegible] his father just [illegible] was showing him [illegible] honor [illegible]

[illegible] hope there [illegible] yet time. It was [illegible] o'clock and the papers scarcely went to press until 1 or 2 in the morning. With his head in a whirl he rushed out of the front door, hurried [illegible] stable and [illegible] Park [illegible] had a [illegible] interview with Mathilda, in which a dainty little [illegible] of [illegible] forth all too plainly from under the [illegible] She had a check for $200 in her pocket which she had received from The Daily Trombone for the [illegible] revelations regarding Mr. Norman's wickedness and she was naturally reluctant to part with it. But in return for Gunnar's promises [illegible] she finally released her tight little clutch and gave it up, but like a great many people who are too clever for their own good Mathilda had really outwitted herself. She had made $500, but she had lost a lover. She had a firm presentiment when [illegible] excitement had cooled that Gunnar's love for her had received a mortal wound, and in this presentiment she was right.

The return of the check, the declaration of the falsity of the [illegible] revelations and the threat of a suit for libel sufficed after considerable discussion, to make The Trombone renounce the promising sensation. Gunnar, to make assurance doubly sure, remained to see the manuscript and proof destroyed and the type redistributed. As he caught glimpses of such monstrous headlines, "A Double Life," "A Villain Unmasked," "A Rich Man's Crime," etc., he realized what a narrow escape he had had from committing a cruel and dastardly deed.

A week after this episode Gunnar led a tall and yet stately woman of 40 into Norman's library. The manufacturer was standing with his hands in his pockets and his back to the fire. There was a vague anxiety in his face and an occasional twitching of the muscles about the mouth, as if he were trying to master a strong emotion. He started forward with both hands outstretched when the door opened, but paused in the middle of the floor, gazing with a strange uncertainty at the two persons who entered. The handsome matron became conscious of a slight embarrassment as she noted his expression, and the joyous eagerness which had animated her features gave way to an anxious confusion. He was so different from what she had expected. Eighteen long years lay between them with the slow transformation they had wrought. They had taken her husband from her and substituted another who was he and yet not he.

This good looking middle aged gentleman with a full beard and clad in city attire, how could he ever be to her what the shabby, restless, discontented Norse peasant Hans Matson had been? And yet as he pressed her hands and welcomed her, though not with the free and joyous ring she had expected, she caught a glimpse in his look and manner of the man she had loved. And the cadence of his voice rang with clear vibrations through the depth of her soul.

"But the boy, the boy!" were the first words he uttered. "He is not dead?"

"The boy," she replied with a slow dubious accent. "No, he isn't dead."

"But why did you not bring him?"

She started with a puzzled look, first at her son, then at her husband.

"I don't understand it at all," she ejaculated in a fervor of amazement. "Gunnar," she continued, turning to the youth, "Why do you not speak to your father?"

It was now Norman's turn to be amazed. He started back with an exclamation of surprise. He rubbed his eyes as if to clear his vision. Then with a dawning joy in his face he grasped the hand which the young man held out to him.

"Finn Varsko!" he cried, "you have robbed me of a son in return for the one you gave me."

THE END

Animal Fits.

Almost any of our animals may fall in a fit. [illegible] when a [illegible] falls in [illegible] road or [illegible] trembling and [illegible] convulsions [illegible] thing to be done is to free the [illegible] quickly as possible from [illegible] pour cold water [illegible] with a [illegible] blanket over the [illegible] Great care should be exercised [illegible] injury, as the animal is [illegible] moved by internal irritation of the brain or nervous [illegible] with [illegible] If the recovery is immediate [illegible] need be sought.—American Agriculturist.

Hens, Hogs and Fruits.

Fruit raising [illegible] and poultry culture [illegible] The last and [illegible] plums [illegible] fruit. The [illegible] the chief point. Wit [illegible] at the helm half the battle is won.

[illegible]

George [illegible] a member of the [illegible] asked [illegible] as they sat side by side [illegible] sufferings of [illegible] George [illegible] consequently [illegible] darling, I am not [illegible] he said. [illegible] make application [illegible] And George [illegible] the hint and now [illegible] wearing only [illegible] —New York Herald.

Photographing [illegible]

An [illegible] has [illegible] photograph [illegible] with a lightning [illegible] having a revolving disk with a perforation.

Points For Writers.

Pieces [illegible] false back [illegible] short [illegible] far.

Have one page [illegible] always [illegible] two [illegible] —Cor. Writer.

[illegible] a Father.

A [illegible] has been [illegible] found a simple [illegible] with a rush and [illegible] rubbed off. [illegible]

His Strong Point.

She—Why, you couldn't even buy my [illegible]

He—But I could borrow the money from your father.—[illegible]

What Board Costs at the Capital.

Quite a number of Washington women have made money in keeping boarders. There is one within a few blocks of the White House who owns two houses worth at least $40,000, the whole of which she has made out of congressmen's stomachs, and I know another who [illegible] government clerks and clears $2,000 a year. Another woman who is known somewhat as a temperance advocate keeps a big hotel here and another has three houses filled with all kinds of officials, from cabinet ministers to treasury clerks. She has different rates according to rank, and the senator pays $25 a month for what the [illegible] gets for $22.50, and what the clerk gets for $20. She has a negro steward and he is such a good caterer that he is said to receive $1,200 a year for his services.

Furnished rooms bring very high rates in Washington. You cannot get any kind of a room in the better part of the city for less than $20 per month, and suites of two rooms range from $40 up to several hundred dollars.

It used to be that a congressman had to pay at least $100 a month for any kind of rooming accommodations, but the big flats which have lately sprung up in Washington reduced the prices of rooms and the room renting women of the capital are not making so much. Quite a number of women make money here by catering, and there is a little French lady, Mme. Demonet, who has made a fortune by furnishing ice creams for White House dinners and who has furnished cream and confectionery for all the presidents back to Buchanan. She is a dark faced little old lady with eyes as bright as those of any business woman of France, and she understands how to charge high prices and get them.—Washington Letter.

Ought to Recover.

Lady (to colored laundress)—Well, Aunt Chloe, how is your husband today?

Aunt Chloe (gloomily)—He ain't no better, Miss Mary. He's done gone on a new inscription, but de doctor's got mighty serious hopes 'bout his discovery.—Harper's Bazar.

Our Style of Writing.

About 450 B. C. the Ionians first introduced the present system of writing from left to right. Previous to the above date from right to left prevailed, although the method called boustrophedon (that is alternately from right to left and from left to right) was somewhat extensively practiced. The ancient Hebrew and Greek languages were written from right to left until about 450 B. C., when the form of the Greek letters was changed from the uncial to the cursive, and the manner of writing changed from right to left to left to right.—St. Louis Republic.

Agricultural Notes.

Grapevines planted in the chicken runs and trained to the fence afford shade to poultry and also fruit to the farmer in autumn. The vines should be trained high up.—American Agriculturist.

In an account of the live stock interests of California Mr. Bancroft places the number of sheep in the state last year at 4,000,000. Three-fourths of them high grade merinos. The average price of wool for a dozen years has exceeded nineteen cents a pound.

After long years of experiment The Rural New Yorker continues to advise the planting of "three eyes with all the flesh on each piece of potato possible" for big potato yields.

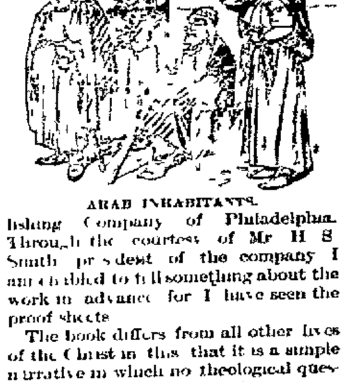
HIS LIFE OF CHRIST.

DR. TALMAGE'S GREATEST LITERARY WORK

Foster Coates Gets a Glimpse at the Proof Sheets of "From Manger to Throne"—A Most Interesting Literary Work Is Here Described.

[Copyright by American Press Association.]

Few persons possess Dr. T. De Witt Talmage's most distinguishing characteristic—something to say, and the ability to clothe the thought in language fresh and striking. The great Brooklyn divine has given us another example of his tireless energy, his great study and his matchless word paintings in his "Life of Christ—From Manger to Throne"—to be issued in a few days from the press of the Historical Publishing Company of Philadelphia.



ARAB INHABITANTS.

Through the courtesy of Mr. H. S. Smith, president of the company, I am enabled to tell something about the work in advance, for I have seen the proof sheets.

The book differs from all other lives of the Christ in this, that it is a simple narrative in which no theological questions are propounded, no "views" extolled and there is no straining after effect.

It is made up of 600 pages, with over 400 engravings, copies of famous paintings by the old masters, illustrating scenes in the life of Christ, and portraits of the Saviour by many famous painters. In addition there is a splendid panorama of the crucifixion in colors [illegible] feet in length, which is a great achievement of the publishers.

As a literary effort the book is the most ambitious of the great preacher's life. It fulfills all the requirements of literary style and finish. Each fact was carefully weighed and scrutinized before put on paper. Nothing was taken for granted. It is not the work of an idle hour, but rather the life work of a strong man still in his prime. It should meet with a cordial welcome. It is not written above the head of the average reader. On the contrary it is a series of magnificent word pictures so simple that a child would be interested in them. The reader is taken to every spot [illegible] in the Holy Land [illegible] delightful [illegible] twilight [illegible]

[illegible] that book for [illegible] Dr. Talmage told me recently and he [illegible] this in [illegible]

[illegible] American home on the Atlantic [illegible] the Mediterranean on camels [illegible] miles back on horseback [illegible] convent, at Bethel where Jacob's pillow was [illegible] angels of [illegible] at the brook Elah [illegible] little David picked up the [illegible] of five smooth stones, four more than were needed for crushing like an egg shell the skull of Goliath; in the valley of Ajalon, over which at Joshua's command Astronomy halted; on the plain of Esdraelon, the battlefield of ages [illegible] red flowers suggestive of the blood dashed to the bits of the horses' bridles; amid the shattered masonry of [illegible] in Jerusalem, that overshadows all other cities in reminiscence; at [illegible] where plain water became [illegible] on Calvary, whose [illegible] ruptured rocks still show the effects of the earthquake at the awful hemorrhage of the five wounds that purchased the world's rescue, and with my hand mittened from the storm or wet from the Jordan or bared to the sun or gliding over smooth table this book has been written.

Dr. Talmage is the only author of a life of the Christ who visited the Holy Land for the purpose of seeing for himself the scenes made famous by the birth and crucifixion of the Saviour, and this record of his life is one of the most interesting portions of the book. The writer vividly portrays the visit of Mary and Joseph in Egypt:

"Over the hills and down through the deep gorge they urge their way. By Hebron, by Gaza, through hot sand, under a blistering sun, the babe crying, the mother faint, the father exhausted. How slowly the days and weeks pass. Will the weary three ever reach the banks of the Nile? Will they ever see Cairo? Will the desert ever end? When at last they cross the line beyond which old Herod has no right to pursue their joy is unbounded. Free at last! Let them dismount and rest. Now they resume their way with less anxiety. They will find a place somewhere for shelter and the earning of their bread. Here they are at Cairo, Egypt. They wind through the crooked streets, which are about ten feet wide, and enter the humble house where I have been today. It is nine steps down from the level of the street. It is such a place as no reader of this book would like to dwell in. I measured the room and found it 20 feet long and 7 1-2 feet high. There are three shelvings of rock, one of which I think was the cradle of our Lord. There is no window, and all the light must have come from lantern of candle. What a place for the King of heaven to live in."

As he approaches Jerusalem the doctor can hardly contain himself. He is sitting on a patient camel's back writing these words: "Along the route I am amazed beyond expression at the boldness and jaggedness of the scenery of the Holy Land. I expected to see it rough, but not Alpinian and Sierra Nevadian in grandeur. The hills are amphitheatres, piled up galleries of gray rock, with intervals of soil, brown and maroon until the eye and head and heart surrender and the lips that for a long while were exclamatory become speechless. Before sundown we will see Jerusalem. I never had such high expectations of seeing any place as of seeing the holy city. I found myself singing 'Jerusalem, My Happy Home,' while dressing myself this morning. I think my feelings may be slightly akin to that of the Christian just about to enter the heavenly Jerusalem."

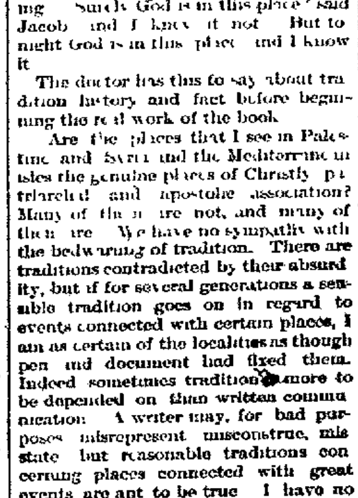
Then follows a graphic picture of the great city, and the visitor's thoughts as his eyes beheld it for the first time.

Dr. Talmage gives a description of a baptism in the Jordan. He says:

"Yesterday on horseback we left Jericho and having dipped in the Dead sea we came with a feeling that we cannot describe upon the Jordan, a river which more people have desired to see than any other. On our way we overtook an American, who requested me to baptize him by immersion in the river Jordan. We dismounted at the place where Joshua and his host once crossed the river dry-shod. We were near a turn in the river and not far off from where rocks and sand are piled up in shape of cathedrals, domes and battlements. We pitched our tent and after proper examination of the candidate for baptism I selected portions of Scripture appropriate. One of our Arab attendants had a garment not unlike a baptismal robe. With that garment girdled around me I led the candidate down under the trees on the bank, while near by were groups of friends and some strangers who happened to be there. After a prayer I read of Christ's baptism in the Jordan and the commission 'Go teach all nations, baptizing them.' The people on the bank then joined in singing to the familiar [illegible] song 'On Jordan's Stormy Banks I Stand.' With the candidate [illegible] we waded [illegible] Jordan, and I then declared [illegible] historical river where [illegible] Israelites crossed and Naaman [illegible] for the cure of his [illegible] Christ was baptized and [illegible] in all ages as a [illegible] dividing line between [illegible] I baptize thee in the name of the Father and of the Son and of the Holy Ghost. Amen.' As the [illegible] went down under the waves and then rose I felt a solemnity that no other [illegible] could have inspired. As the [illegible] was observed under the direction of no particular denomination of Christians I [illegible] no particular church could be responsible for it. I felt it my duty to report what I did to the church universal."

Dr. Talmage's description of his departure from Jerusalem is characteristic:

"Now we leave Jerusalem for the long journey north through Palestine. After a [illegible] we got on a hill and took the last look at Jerusalem and I felt and [illegible] it was the last look at that sacred city on earth and the next Jerusalem we shall see will be the heavenly. We went on within sight of Mizpeh and Gibeon, where Joshua commanded the sun to stand still; on by Ramah, connected with Samuel's history; on by the traditional village where the parents of Christ missed their boy, about three and a half miles from Jerusalem. This is the road over which Jesus [illegible] went from Jerusalem to Nazareth. To-night we [illegible] camp at Bethel, which was once a school of the prophets, a theological seminary. Elijah and Elisha were here. Near this Abraham and Lot divided the land. Here Jacob placed his head on a stone, saw the ladder used by angels' feet and he set up a stone and consecrated it. To-night the heavens were full of ladders—first a ladder of clouds, then a ladder of stars, and all up and down the heavens are the angels of beauty, angels of consolation, angels of God ascending and descending. 'Surely God is in this place,' said Jacob, 'and I knew it not.' But to-night God is in this place, and I know it."

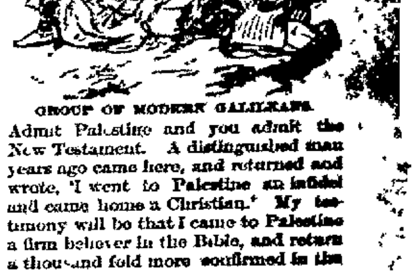


DR. TALMAGE BAPTIZING A CANDIDATE.

The doctor has this to say about tradition, history and fact before beginning the real work of the book:

"Are the places that I see in Palestine and Syria and the Mediterranean isles the genuine places of Christly, patriarchal and apostolic association? Many of them are not, and many of them are. We have no sympathy with the bedwarfing of tradition. There are traditions contradicted by their absurdity, but if for several generations a sensible tradition goes on in regard to events connected with certain places, I am as certain of the localities as though pen and document had fixed them. Indeed sometimes tradition is more to be depended on than written communication. A writer may, for bad purposes, misrepresent, misconstrue, misstate, but reasonable traditions concerning places connected with great events are apt to be true. I have no more doubt concerning the place on which Christ was crucified or in which Christ was buried than I have about the fact that our Lord was slain and entombed. But suppose traditions contradict each other? Then try them, test them, compare them as you do documents. It is no more difficult to separate traditions, true and false, than apocryphal books from inspired books. Do not use the word tradition as a synonym for delusion. There is a surplus of Christian infidels traveling in the Holy Land who are from scalp to heel surcharged with unbeliefs. A tradition may be as much divinely inspired as a book. The scenery of Palestine is interjoined, intertwisted, interlocked with the Scriptural occurrences. The learned Ritter, who has never been charged with any weakness of incredulity, writes: 'No one can trace without joy and wonder the verification which geography pays to the history of the Holy Land.'

"When the brilliant Renan went to Palestine he was stuffed with enough incredulity to make a dozen Thomas Paines, and yet he gives the following experience: 'The marvelous harmony of the evangelical picture, with the country which serves as its frame, was to me a revelation. I had before my eyes a fifth gospel, mutilated but still legible, and ever afterward in the recitals of Matthew and Mark, instead of an abstract being that one would say has never existed, I saw a wonderful human figure live and move.' So said [illegible] unbeliever. In this my visit to Palestine, in the year of our Lord 1889-90, I beheld the landscape a commentary. The rivers, the mountains, the valleys, the lakes, the rocks, the trees, the costumes of the Holy Land, agree with Matthew and Mark and Luke and John. The geography and topography are the background of the Gospel pictures. They carry a different part of the same song.



GROUP OF MODERN GALILEANS.

Admit Palestine and you admit the New Testament. A distinguished man years ago came here, and returned and wrote, 'I went to Palestine an infidel and came home a Christian.' My testimony will be that I came to Palestine a firm believer in the Bible, and return a thousand fold more confirmed in the divinity of the Holy Scriptures."

Quite as interesting as anything else in the book is this announcement:

"Wandering up and down the chief art galleries of Europe I have looked for a face of the Saviour which I would like to have in my life of Christ. The one I have chosen in preference to all is that executed by a modern artist already widely honored.

"I have no idea that the Fourteenth century, or the Fifteenth century, or the Sixteenth century monopolized all the brain. I think the best music is yet to be composed, the best sculpture yet to be chiseled, the best paintings are yet to be presented to the world. We are almost always disappointed with a picture of Christ. It is the universal criticism of such pictures, 'While I admire the artistic merit of the production, the picture is not my idea of the Saviour.' The picture is apt to represent Christ either as effeminate or severe, weak or awful. To commingle in one picture strength and humility, suffering and triumph, the lionlike and the lamblike, the face that frowned the bestormed lake into a calm, and yet was such an invitation to babyhood that children tumbled from their mothers' arms into his bosom—that was what I was looking for, and that I have found, and that we present to our readers.

"I think it will satisfy more people than any other face that has ever been put on canvas. The cranial development of this picture of Christ is marvelous and different from anything previously produced. We must not forget that Jesus was not only a Christ of great heart, but also of great head. Most other paintings of our Lord were made from models. This artist had no model. He feels that it was an inspiration, and I believe it was. The German is apt to paint a German Christ, the Italian an Italian Christ, the Frenchman a French Christ, the Spaniard a Spanish Christ. But it was left for our artist, in whose veins commingle the blood of many nationalities, to paint for us 'The World's Christ.' Blessed be his glorious name forever."

The public will be curious to see the work of this artist.

Perhaps the good doctor has found a new Correggio!

There are a great many other features too numerous to even mention in a newspaper article. The readers will find these for themselves, and will probably lay down the book, as I did the proof sheets, with a new knowledge of the Christ and a higher appreciation of Dr. Talmage's splendid abilities.

FOSTER COATES.

THE ACTION OF LIME.

A Brief Summary of Advantages Gained by Its Application to Farming Lands.

[illegible] we find a large quantity of [illegible] acids to the great injury of land. Such soils are termed "sour," and the presence of the acids can be told by the character of vegetation, which is always harsh and of little value. The beneficial action of lime in such cases arises from the lime combination with the acids which makes the land sour, and thus neutralizing them, turns them into a condition that is harmless. The combination forms carbonate of lime or some other salt of lime.

The effects of lime upon inorganic matter, says Ohio Farmer, must not be forgotten, for these are all important. In very many cases it liberates potash and soda from a dormant state and renders them available to plants. The most important action in this respect is the formation of double silicates of alumina. If a double silicate of alumina and soda exists in soil, and lime is added, the silicate gives up the soda and takes up the lime, forming silicate of alumina and lime. If potash be added the lime is given up and the potash taken up, forming silicate of alumina and potash. If ammonia comes in contact with it the potash is cast aside for the ammonia, forming silicate of alumina and ammonia.

As clay consists very largely of silicate of alumina the action of lime on clay soils is seen to be important. Applied to clay lands, lime disintegrates, or breaks up the hard, tenacious, "packy" character, and makes their tillage much easier, when caustic or quicklime is applied to sandy soils it makes them more adhesive, more compact and more retentive of moisture. Lime does not exhaust soils, except as it prepares unavailable plant food so that crops can take it up. It is the crop that exhausts, not the lime. The latter really adds to the soil, as lime is a plant food itself.

An English authority sums up the advantages of lime as follows: It encourages decomposition of organic matter, neutralizes injurious acids, liberates alkaline matters, promotes the formation of double silicates, favors the production of nitrate of potash, contributes food essential for the perfect growth of plants, and improves the physical character of the soil and promotes healthy growth.

Every Home Should Have It

It is not always convenient to call a physician for every little ailment. Having Red Flag Oil in the house you have a physician always at hand, it kills rheumatism, neuralgia, burns, bruises and all aches and pains. Price 25 cents.

There are a few things in this life of which we may be certain, but this is one of them, Pan Tina Cough and Consumption Cure has no equal for coughs, colds and consumption. Price 25 cents. Trial bottle free at Frank Foster's drugstore.

—Before buying your wall paper examine the stock in the Furniture and Carpet store. It is the most artistic [illegible] ever offered for sale in this town. We have no old out of date wall paper to pawn off on the people. Our prices we guarantee as low as any city.

A. [illegible] Manager.

McKean County Miner

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

[illegible] One year $1.50, six months, [illegible] three months, 50 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES.

[illegible]

Smethport, Pa., Sept. 19, 1890.

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR,
HON. G. W. DELAMATER,
of Crawford county.
FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR,
HON. L. A. WATRES,
of Lackawanna county.
FOR SECRETARY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS,
HON. THOS. J. STEWART,
of Montgomery county.
FOR REPRESENTATIVES,
W. E. BURDICK,
of Duke Centre,
J. P. GRIFFITH,
of Kane.
FOR SHERIFF,
WALTER GRUBB,
of Smethport.
FOR PROTHONOTARY,
J. M. McELROY,
of Bradford.
FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY,
JOHN H. CHAPMAN,
of Bradford.
FOR COMMISSIONERS,
JAMES HIGGINS,
of [illegible]
D. SIKES,
of [illegible]
FOR AUDITORS,
A. N. [illegible],
of Bradford.
T. O. LIDDELL,
of [illegible]

[illegible] the popular Driftwood [illegible] was nominated for County [illegible] by the Republicans of Cameron county at their recent convention. That nomination will add [illegible] to the strength of their ticket.

The Congressional Convention for the nomination of a candidate to represent the 27th district in the next Congress and to fill the unexpired term of L. F. Watson, deceased, will be held in Kane on Monday evening at [illegible] o'clock.

The Republicans of the youngest [illegible] State, Wyoming, swept the board at the election last week, electing their entire State ticket, their Congressman and two-thirds of the Legislature, thereby securing two Republican United States Senators.

[illegible] the most scholarly and [illegible] ever read was [illegible] by Senator Quay in the U. S. [illegible] on Saturday last on the life [illegible] and public services of the [illegible] Samuel J. Randall, Pennsylvania's [illegible] Democratic member of Congress. It was published in full in last Tuesday's Philadelphia *Inquirer*.

The North Western Association [illegible] A. R. [illegible] at Titusville last week [illegible] the attendance was [illegible], but pretty [illegible] a future [illegible] [illegible] all day and all [illegible] had to be given up. [illegible] next year's meeting will be at Franklin, and Col. Jno. J. Carter of Titusville was elected President for the ensuing year, which is altogether an [illegible] honor.

The unanimous nomination of S. W. Smith, Esq., for Congress by [illegible] Convention is pretty good evidence of the hold that gentleman has upon the Republican voters of McKean county. The position taken by him in his speech at the close of the Convention, that he was seeking the nomination *for himself only* was just what his supporters were glad to hear him declare so emphatically. It is about time that McKean county [illegible] playing second fiddle for any other county in the district.

[illegible] assumes all the responsibility for any utterances he may have made in reference to the nomination of any candidate before the last Republican County Convention, and the effort of the *Era* through [illegible] scribblers of "A Man on the [illegible]" type to make any one [illegible] responsible is sheer nonsense. The intelligent [illegible] of this county [illegible] with contempt the idea that because one man is disappointed in not being nominated for an office he [illegible], the entire voting population of the party will be swerved from [illegible] political moorings. They are not made of that kind of material.

The Senate passed the House bill [illegible] the big tree district in [illegible] county, California, for a National park Monday. The President will, of course, sign it, thus insuring the trees against the extinction that has [illegible] most of their race and has been seriously threatening them. The policy of the Government in [illegible] the National wonders of the country is a wise one not only because it preserves them but also because it [illegible] private parties from exacting money from the public [illegible] and [illegible] National [illegible] and Niagara Falls would all be more pleasing to the public if [illegible]

[illegible] Mountain assertion [illegible] candidate [illegible] will not get a single vote from any of his [illegible] in Hamlin township [illegible] will show how much that [illegible] is worth. Another [illegible] assertion is made by this mythical [illegible] that "Griffith now thinks [illegible] he has the Swedish vote in his [illegible]." Of course he refers to Hon. J. P. Griffith, of whom it can be [illegible] said that no man in McKean county numbers [illegible] the [illegible] voters. The personal popularity of these two gentlemen, however, in Kane borough and the townships [illegible] Hamlin and [illegible] counted in November.

Welcome, Tom Reed.

Popular Tom Reed is back in Washington again,
After rolling up a big majority in Maine
The Democrats made his bailiwick a centre of attack,
But everybody is glad to hear
That
Reed is
Got
Back.

When the Democrats saw him a-peeping through the [illegible]
How they made the [illegible] him on the [illegible]
[illegible] him by both hands as I gave him [illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
Reed
Got
Back.

Hurrah for Tommy [illegible]
Holt [illegible] may be Speaker of [illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
Reed
[illegible]
Back.
—*New York Press.*

FROM THE STATE CAPITAL.

HARRISBURG, Sept. [illegible].—Saturday evening last the formal opening of the Republican campaign took place in Pittsburgh and your correspondent took himself away to the Smoky City to see the proceedings and swell the big crowd.

Early Saturday morning the politicians were busy completing the arrangements for the grand rally in the evening and when Senator Ingalls arrived on the Western Express at about [illegible] o'clock a. m. he was met at the Union Depot and received such an ovation that must have caused him to rejoice at the thought of his selection to fire the first gun in a pickwickian sense at our political enemies. The day was passed in viewing the immense iron industries for which Pittsburg is so greatly famous, and the very early evening was given over to a general reception of the public by Senator Ingalls and the State candidates.

At night the city separately, after a street display by the political clubs was literally jammed to hear the stalwart President pro tem of the United States Senate. His speech of [illegible] and a half hours was listened to with marked attention and punctuated by long and loud applause as he made home thrusts for which he is so celebrated, and without [illegible] any of his remarks let me say in brief that his remarks were so well [illegible] and his advice so well received as to the duty of Republicans in the present contest, that good results must surely follow. The State candidates made short speeches which were well received and the immense audience dispersed with three rousing cheers for the Republican ticket.

Your correspondent ran across several [illegible] and [illegible] Democratic Governor and it was amusing to listen to their prophecies of defeat for the Republican ticket this fall. They were especially severe, however, [illegible] Butler for their apostasy to the Democratic [illegible] this year. The [illegible] the Democratic Benedict Arnold and [illegible] the Judas Iscariot of the present day. While [illegible] Butler coming along the street and the [illegible] and half a dozen Democratic friends, one of whom wasn't [illegible] and there [illegible] Mr. Butler [illegible] presented by one [illegible]

Butler is doing a [illegible] through the State [illegible] in Pittsburg his work [illegible] told me very [illegible] of course the Democrats don't like Butler and Stevenson but [illegible] they tell some party truths and secrets that had better remain unknown. For several days Mr. Butler had been in Pittsburg and doing effectual work against the ex-Governor whom Mr. Butler has styled a "Jahoose."

The Republican party, however, as to the local candidates in Allegheny county is not a happy family by any means. In the Congressional fight, Stone has carried the nomination against Shiras and the Shiras contingent, accusing the Stone faction of unfair dealings, has unsheathed the political scalping knife and propose to use it during the remaining days of the campaign.

In the Rutan-Neeb Senatorial contest, Editor Neeb has won but Senator Rutan won't accept the verdict and has determined to enter the race as an independent candidate.

The friends of Shiras and Rutan are earnest in shouting for their favorites and unless a change of feeling is brought about before the ides of November, there may be some unpleasant disappointments when the vote is counted. However from all that was said, it did not seem that this discontent would affect the State ticket to any serious degree.

The veterans of the late war regardless of political creed, in all parts of the state have effected organizations and are in earnest in their opposition to Pattison, because of his outrageous veto of the "Soldier Burial bill." The soldiers in this immediate locality won't listen to any arguments, at all, to excuse the ex-Governor's position on this bill, and will not lend any aid towards getting him into office again.

While in Pittsburg it was evident I discovered, that the Wallace contingent of the Democratic party did not propose to take the Pattison dose prepared at the Scranton Convention without a protest. It was agreed that ex-Senator Wallace had the convention without a doubt and that the Pattison crowd headed by Bill Scott [illegible] their defeat, made an appeal to the [illegible] President in New York, representing that Wallace's nomination meant an anti-Cleveland delegation from [illegible] and Pattison's nomination the Pennsylvania Delegation in 1892 to Cleveland. Of course the New York influence was [illegible] in Pattison's interest and it was quietly given out when the boodle was distributed, that the ex-President would be pleased to see Vote Bob nominated. This caught the boys and Scott, Harrity & Co., were successful in knocking out the Democratic War Horse from Clearfield county. So far as Pittsburg is concerned or rather Allegheny county, the Democrats are firm in their opposition to Pattison and declare that they will not support him for re-election.

In speaking of this hostility to Pattison and the means adopted to encompass his nomination as well as the conduct of the Democratic canvass to date it was charged that the Democratic campaign in this State has been grossly mismanaged by incompetent persons, whose only purpose seemed to be to run the whole machine in Cleveland's interest instead of Pattison's and this decidedly against the best interests of the democratic party.

The following taken from the Philadelphia letter to the New York Sun of a few days ago will explain the situation.

"This dissipation of Democratic success is due to the injection of the Stuffed Prophet and Mugwumpism into the campaign by the Federal officeholders of the Cleveland Administration. Every consideration of common sense and political sagacity ought to have excluded these factors, but, from the day that ex-Postmaster Harrity made Cleveland the central figure of the campaign and established a Mugwump committee as an adjunct to Chairman Kerr's State Committee, the campaign drooped.

It is tolerably clear from this that the Pennsylvania Democrats who swear by Chauncey F. Black are feeling about as ugly now as they did on the day when the nomination was snatched from his grasp and handed over to Pattison. As for Wallace himself it is well known that his interests in the triumph of Pennsylvania Democracy under the lead of Pattison with Cleveland for his principal backer was so intense that he rose up shortly after the nomination was made and checked his baggage for Europe.

It certainly looks as though Democratic politics in this campaign was in a muddled condition. ALLISON.

WHY THE BOURBONS RAGE.

From The N. Y. Tribune.

Democratic Senators and Congressmen have vied with one another in hunting for suppressory adjectives and substantives to hurl at the Federal Election bill. So too have Democratic editors and stump speakers. Between them they have nearly exhausted the vocabulary of denunciation upon the measure, and yet a piece of legislation more truly patriotic was never introduced. It provides for nothing more [illegible] than an honest count of honest votes and elections free from intimidation of any sort. In other words it aims to secure and with safeguards which experience has shown to be necessary—that very foundation of our Republican system of government, the right of suffrage. Why, then, does the Democratic party as one man assail it so ferociously. The explanation is a simple one.

1. The Democracy's main reliance is the Solid South.

2. The South is kept solidly Democratic because the black citizens of that section, most of whom are Republicans, either are not allowed to cast their votes, or if they are, their votes are rendered nugatory by false counting and ballot-box stuffing.

3. The pending Federal Election bill, if it became a law, would enable these colored men to vote without fear or trembling, and it would secure a fair count of all the ballots which they cast.

4. Hence the Democratic leaders rightly regard the bill as inimical to their party.

That this is the correct explanation of the Democratic attitude toward the bill [illegible] in view of two [illegible] [illegible] the [illegible] intelligent and [illegible] Democratic [illegible] tions of the South [illegible] the right of the [illegible] colored men [illegible] Well known Southern statesmen and politicians and prominent Southern journalists [illegible] that [illegible] away from the [illegible] after [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] governed [illegible] not [illegible] government of the people, but merely an government of [illegible] In the second place although the [illegible] that elections at the South are a farce, they show their contempt for a pure ballot box by refusing to bring forward at Washington any measure looking to the eradication of the evil. They make a desperate fight against the Lodge bill but present no alternative bill to take its place. Such of them as prominent in Mississippi politics with the implied assent of the others are now endeavoring so to draft a new constitution for that State that the white minority can prevent the black majority from having any voice in the management of public affairs. So it will not do for the enemies of the Lodge bill to protest that their opposition does not mean that they are averse to fair elections. Their denial is rendered valueless by the considerations above given. They are iconoclasts pure and simple. They yearn to secure the defeat of the Lodge bill and that is all. But if they had any genuine regard for the right of suffrage, would they spend all their energies antagonizing the measure? Would they not take some affirmative action? Would they not press an alternative bill? Would they not demand fair play for the black voter at the hands of the Mississippi Constitutional Convention?

Possibly the Democracy imagines that its attitude toward the Lodge bill deceives the people. If so it is grossly mistaken. It is impossible for a political party to pull the wool over the eyes of the masses of our people. Let the Democratic chiefs and the Democratic organs keep on calling it a "force" bill and a "bayonet" bill, keep on manufacturing absurd reasons for opposing it when it comes up again early next session. The people are perfectly well aware that they hate it so bitterly because it means fair play at the polls, and because fair play at the polls would seriously interfere with their party's prospects in the States where Democracy is now strongest.

SENATOR ALLISON in the Senate and Representative Cannon in the House have effectually disposed of the absurd Democratic talk of a deficit in the Treasury during the next fiscal year by presenting authentic figures showing the financial status of the government. Both of these gentlemen figure out a substantial surplus for the next fiscal year notwithstanding the reductions made by the tariff bill. The tariff bill according to Mr. Allison's estimate, and there is no higher authority, will provide for reductions in the revenues of about $60,000,000, and an increase of about $37,000,000, making the net reduction $23,000,000 which will make a surplus of about $15,000,000 after paying the expenses of the government out of the receipts for the current fiscal year. So full and exhaustive were the figures presented by Mr. Allison, that no Democratic Senator attempted to refute his statement, but in the House Mr. Sayers of Texas, who aims to take the committee on Appropriations, attempted to reply to Mr. Cannon's statement which was substantially the same as that made by Senator Allison. By putting in a lot of imaginary charges Mr. Sayers figured out a deficiency, but his figuring would not stand a close analysis. There is not the slightest danger of a deficiency.

THEORY AND ASSUMPTION.

From The New York Press.

HALIFAX, VALENTA Co., Pa., Aug. 31.

To the Editor of The Press: Hon. D. A. Wells estimates the increased cost of steel to the country during the past ten years, by reason of protection, at $345,000,000. Will you please give me your views and some figures on the subject? J. D. M.

We shall endeavor to give some figures on this subject and to demonstrate that instead of a loss to the country, the production of steel rails here has been an immense gain not only to the national wealth, but to the thousands of wage earners employed in this important industry.

As our reader undoubtedly knows, when the duty was first imposed on steel rails there were none made in this country. But under the encouragement of this duty several Bessemer steel works were started in New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Illinois, and Michigan. The price of the first steel rails manufactured here was $165 per ton. Under protection this cost has been reduced to $25 which price was reached last year. By reason of the fact that we have no less than 157,759 miles of railroad, which is equal to the entire railroad mileage of the rest of the world the great demand for iron and steel rails has been in this country and not in some other part of the world. To all sensible men and to a really interested in the development of the United States it naturally occurred that if we could, by the employment of American labor at the American standard of wages not only produce the enormous aggregate of steel rails required for building these railroads, but for the purpose of keeping them in repair after they were built, from the material which lay embedded in great abundance in the hillsides and mines of this country, without to any great degree impoverishing its wealth, it was far wiser to do so than to make these rails by the labor of persons living at a distance, in no way connected with the United States, not required to shoulder arms for this government in the event of a war, not called upon to pay taxes and not likely to consume the varied products of our soil.

The cost of this product to the nation, if bought in England, would have been practically the money paid for it. The cost of the steel and iron rails when made here at home has actually been the value of the raw material consumed in their production and that is all. The money has in fact been paid out to a very large extent in wages to the American miners of iron ore, of coal and limestone, to the makers of coke, to the workers around blast furnaces, to the producers of pig iron and to the employes in the steel plants. And these men in turn living as they do here in the United States have helped to increase the demand for all sorts of products and commodities which are produced by the well paid labor of the United States. We have produced in this country since 1867 over eighteen million tons of steel rails aggregating about eight millions.

The value of the steel rail product of this country will not fall short of fourteen hundred millions. This enormous sum represents in a very large measure as we have already said labor. The value of the iron ore and the limestone in the bank is very small. The great mistake in Mr. Wells's argument when he speaks of a loss of $345,000,000 is in assuming that the price of rails would have been the same if [illegible] had produced them and if this immense industry had not been established in the United States. It is the effect of this increased production in this country, which as we have shown is the [illegible] of rail consumption [illegible] having reached a point where it produces actually double the number of tons of steel rails [illegible] [illegible] itself produces. As a matter of fact if this industry had [illegible] as Mr. Wells and other free traders would have had the government [illegible] unprotected the iron and steel industry in this country never would have been established [illegible] [illegible] North West and South and [illegible] the price not only of steel rails but of [illegible] as well as iron in all its forms would probably have increased [illegible] the English manufacturers had had [illegible] would have had under the theory of Mr. Wells until [illegible] [illegible] and we would have [illegible] paying out this large amount in [illegible] to the laborers of other countries [illegible] no way interested in the government of the United States. The gain to this country of manufacturing these rails at home, far from a loss, has been nearly a thousand millions of dollars. The decrease in price of steel rails could have been achieved in no other way in the same time.

Put the question in this way. Suppose that the steel industry of the United States could be wiped out to-day would not the price of that commodity double treble and quadruple in England? Any one with a grain of sense knows this. Mr. Wells in his [illegible] [illegible] admits that the price of steel manufactures would advance. How foolish therefore to argue upon the silly assumption that prices would have been the same if the conditions had been altogether different. As a matter of fact it would pay the United States to produce its own steel rails if the cost of them was twice as much as the cost in Great Britain. Under such circumstances the gain to this country would have been great. How infinitely greater has been the gain when we consider that not only has protection established these great industries, representing from seven hundred and fifty to eight hundred millions of dollars annually but it has succeeded in reducing the cost of such a staple commodity as steel rails to about the price they are selling for to-day in England. Surely, if the representatives of the steel industry are the greedy cormorants and robber barons that they are said to be, and able to absolutely control the price, as claimed they would be exacting from the consumer here the price of the rails in England, plus the duty.

In the realm of fact Mr. Wells and co-laborers have no standing whatever. They are merely waifs of economic speculation aimlessly wandering through the realms of theory and assumption.

RAILROAD ACCIDENTS IN ENGLAND AND THE UNITED STATES.

According to Whitaker the total number of railway passengers killed in the United Kingdom in 1888 was 1 in 6,942,336, or 72 in all (only 8 more than were killed in the same year by the horse-cars in New York City). The number of injured was 1 in 527,577. Statistics for the United States are imperfect, but the accidents in this country are unquestionably more numerous than they are in Great Britain. Mulhall, an English authority taking our railway census figures for 1880 places our killed and injured for that year—passengers, employes, and all others included—at 41 per million, to 8 per million in the United Kingdom. There has been a marked improvement in the operation of railroads in the United States in the last ten years. As it is, a railway train is about the safest place a man can place himself in out of doors, unless it be in an ocean steamer.

The greater safety in England is due to better constructed lines. Double tracks, inaccessible to cattle, are practically universal there; no wagon roads or streets are crossed at a common grade, unless it be on a very few short branch lines, where gates are used, and the stations throughout the country are generally double—one on each side of the line—and no crossing of the tracks by passengers is permitted. Our best roads are approximating this condition of things, and the process promises to continue. A great advance has been made on both sides of the water in such safety appliances as block and interlocking signals, efficient brakes, etc. The vestibule now used on the best trains of many of our roads is a protection against "telescoping" and for persons passing from one car to another. An improvement is promised on this, in the shape of tubular iron or steel cars, which cannot be broken up by collision or other accident. The abolition of the stove is gradually proceeding. Heavier and better rails are laid than formerly. But our poorer and new roads are a long way behind the stronger and older ones in these particulars. The majority still have but one track, and wherein their construction is lacking in this respect and others human vigilance alone stands in place of the deficiency.—*Harper's Weekly.*

A DECEPTIVE VOICE.

"The most dishonorable paper published in the United States," says the *Iowa State Register*, "is the third party *Voice* of New York." The course of *Voice* as stated by the *Register* justifies this severe condemnation. The *Voice* sent a printed list of questions to leading Iowa Republicans, requesting their views on the temperance laws of the State. Hundreds of answers were sent but the *Voice* published only thirteen of these replies, and these thirteen were the only letters out of hundreds which indicated any hostility to restraint of the liquor traffic. The *Voice* published as its conclusion that Iowa Republicans were inimical to the temperance cause.

The *Register* prints two of the suppressed letters and says indignantly: "These are but samples of the hundreds of letters received by the *Voice* from leading temperance Republicans of Iowa, in response to the printed letter sent out by the rascally editor of that paper, all of which he suppressed." While he published purported extracts from the thirteen men who were deceived by the misleading printed letter, he made no mention whatever of the hundreds of letters which condemned the dishonorable methods of the *Voice* in serving the Democratic party and the saloon under the mask of a third party Prohibition paper. This issue of the *Register* strips the mask off of the *Voice* and shows it in its true colors while it is serving Democracy in the interest of free whisky and Free Trade.

Such an act of partisanship should discredit any political newspaper. Such misrepresentation will not help the cause of Prohibition but it should disgust every honest third party man.—*Buffalo Express.*

IT WAS ONLY A JOKE.

There are two Senators who never interrupt each other in debate says the Washington correspondent of the *Globe Democrat*. They do not speak to each other. They belong to the same party and being strong positive men they come in contact frequently. But each ignores the other's existence. Of course a story is behind or beneath this strained situation. The two Senators were members of a little poker playing party some time ago. Other Senators were in the game. All were playing for recreation. The stakes were not large. Late in the night one of the party making an excuse to step out, obtained an old deck of cards and selected four aces. Returning, he passed the hand to a Senator who in turn transferred the cards to a third. All were in the plot except the Senator who was to be made the victim. The Senator who held the four aces waited till there was a pot of $5 or $7 up and then laid down his hand. Everybody smiled except the victim. He threw upon the table his cards which included two aces and before anybody could interfere raised his chair and brought it down with a crash on the head of the Senator who had played the stocked hand. He was about to follow the blow, when the all they could do to restrain him. [illegible] tried to explain that it was all a joke but the more they talked the worse they made the situation. To this day the Senator who played the four aces and the Senator upon whom the four aces were played remain unreconciled. And the Senator who perpetrated the joke has not played a game of poker since that unfortunate night. So he says.

What It Does

Hood's Sarsaparilla.
1. Purifies the blood
2. Creates an appetite
3. Strengthens the nerves
4. Makes the weak strong
5. Overcomes that tired feeling
6. Cures scrofula, salt rheum, etc.
7. Invigorates the kidneys and liver
8. Relieves headache, indigestion, dyspepsia.

Court Proclamation.

THE HON. A. G. OLMSTED, President Judge of the Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Orphans' Court and Court of Common Pleas for the county of McKean, has issued his precept bearing date [illegible] [illegible] and to me directed, for holding a Court of Common Pleas at the borough of Smethport, on Monday the 6th day of [illegible] [illegible]

Notice is therefore hereby given to Coroners, Justices of the Peace and Constables, within the county that they be then and there in their proper person at [illegible] o'clock [illegible] of said day with their rolls, records, inquisitions, examinations and other remembrances, to do those things which their offices appertain to be done. And those who are bound by their recognizances to prosecute the prisoners that are or shall be in the jail of said county of McKean are to be then and there to prosecute against them as will be just.

Dated at Smethport, Sept. 15, 1890, and in the 115th year of the Independence of the United States of America.

W. B. CLARKE, Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

BY VIRTUE OF SUNDRY WRITS OF FIERI Facias, Levari Facias and Alias Venditioni Exponas, Alias Fieri Facias, Pluries Fieri Facias issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of McKean County, Pa., and to me directed, I will expose at public sale in the Court House in the Borough of Smethport, on

MONDAY, OCTOBER 6, 1890, AT 1 P. M.,

the following several pieces of property:

1.

Defendants' interest in all that tract or parcel of land situate in the township of Liberty, county of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, being seventy-three (73) acres and thirty-seven perches to be taken off of the northerly part of Warrant No. 23 of the Strawbridge tracts, so called; on the Allegany river, bounded north and east by the boundary line of said Warrant No. 23, south by the Eastwood lot and west by the centre of the Allegany river and the same land conveyed to John Dexter by Timothy L. Ledyard by deed dated Aug. 2, 1880 and recorded among the deeds in McKean county in deed book "14," page 63, etc., and devised to Riley L. Dexter by said John Dexter by his will recorded in the Register's Docket "B" in and for said McKean county at page 347, etc. Improved and having thereon one one-and a half story frame dwelling house about 14x28 feet with shed addition on the side, one one-story board dwelling house about 14x20 feet, one frame barn, a good orchard, one well of water and usual out-buildings, about 60 acres improved.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of Caroline F. Dexter, widow of Riley L. Dexter, deceased, Geo. L. Dexter, Ralph M. Dexter, Maggie M. Havens and Ed. Havens, her husband, Maria S. Bridge and A. K. Bridge her husband, and B. C. Gallup, terre tenant, at the suit of Maria Dexter and E. C. Dexter, Administrator of Kezias L. Dexter, deceased, for use of Maria Dexter.

E. L. Mayo, Plaintiff's Attorney.

2.

The defendants' interest in and building, a two-story frame dwelling house about twenty-six feet front by about thirty-six feet deep, with a barn in the rear 16 feet by 24 feet frame, and is erected on a certain lot of land situated in Bradford township, McKean county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: Commencing at a point in the east line of highway leading from Bradford to Degolier at a point 50 feet southerly from the land deeded to Harlow Pike by C. Barnside by deed dated October 21, 1882; thence south 73 degrees 45 minutes and at right angles with street 113½ feet to a post; thence south 16 degrees 15 minutes, west 50 feet to a post; thence north 73 degrees 45 minutes, west 113½ feet to a post in east line of highway; thence north 16 degrees 15 minutes, east by highway 50 feet to place of beginning.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of E. F. Wyant and Geo. A. Redline at the suit of F. L. Brooks.

Jack & Roberts, Plaintiff's Attorneys.

3.

The defendant's interest in all that certain piece or parcel of land situate in Bradford, McKean county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a post the northeast corner of lands deeded to P. W. Davis; thence south seven and three-sixteenths rods, more or less, to a post in the northwest corner of lot No. 49; thence east fourteen rods more or less to a post in the northeast corner of lot No. 41; thence north ten rods more or less to a post in the south line of Boylston street; thence westerly by the south line of Boylston street fourteen and four-tenths rods more or less to the place of beginning, being north of village lots Nos. 40 and 41 and south of Boylston street, and being the land conveyed to A. K. Johnson by Horace [illegible], executor of Daniel Kingsbury, deceased, by deed dated August 21, 1872, and recorded in the Recorder's office of McKean county in deed book "W," page 25, etc., excepting and reserving from the above, however, all the following portions of said land: All that lot of land conveyed by A. K. Johnson and wife to the Bradford Oil Exchange by deed dated Dec. 6, 1882, and recorded in the Recorder's office of McKean county in deed book vol. [illegible], page 223, etc. All that lot of land conveyed by A. K. Johnson and wife to Laura L. Chapel by deed dated January 24, 1884, and recorded in the Recorder's office of McKean county in deed book vol. 26, page 412, etc. [illegible] all that lot of land conveyed by A. K. Johnson and wife to [illegible] [illegible] March [illegible] 1885, and recorded in [illegible] [illegible] page [illegible], etc., to the Recorder's office of McKean county having thereon one two-story frame dwelling house with cellar and one two-story [illegible] one-story frame [illegible] one two-story wooden building used for [illegible] shop [illegible] and two [illegible] frame buildings used as a stable and art gallery [illegible] buildings and several fruit trees, shrubbery, etc.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of A. K. Johnson at the suit of Emma [illegible]

Stone & Sturgeon, Plaintiff's Attorneys.

4.

The defendant's interest in all that certain piece or parcel of land situate and being situated in the township of Eldred, county of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, containing fifty acres more or less. Being on the north side of public road leading from the borough of Eldred to Bullis Mills, being about fifteen (15) rods front on the public road, thence northwardly about thirty (30) rods, thence widening out to about forty-two (42) rods, thence northwardly to the Allegany river, east by Rice [illegible] south by the public road and west by [illegible] [illegible] lands, known as [illegible] in Eldred township and being the same land [illegible] article of agreement dated February [illegible] 1884 contracted by Heinrich Limbach to be sold to Frank Pallman. Improvements, about five (5) acres of meadow land.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of Frank Pallman at the suit of Heinrich Limbach.

F. I. Keenan, Plaintiff's Attorney.

5.

Defendant's interest in all that piece or parcel of land situate lying and being in the township of Annin, now Ceres [illegible] of McKean and State of Pennsylvania bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a post standing in the east line of lot No. 155, surveyed by Keating & Borie to Uriah Vandermark, thence south eleven and seven tenths (11 7-10) perches to a post corner; thence north forty (40) degrees west sixty six and five tenths (66 5-10) perches to a post corner; thence east [illegible] perches [illegible] to a post corner in the centre of the [illegible] highway; thence south thirty five (35) degrees west forty two and one tenth (42 1-10) perches to place of beginning. Containing 3 28-100 acres more or less, being a part of Keating lot No. 155 in Warrant No. [illegible] and is the same land conveyed to Wm. W. Vandermark by Uriah Vandermark by deed dated Nov. 4, 1869 and recorded in the Recorder's office in and for McKean county in deed book No. [illegible] at page 155, etc. Improved and having thereon one two-story frame house, one board barn with usual out-buildings, one well and several springs of water and one small orchard.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of C. T. Taylor at the suit of J. L. [illegible] for use of Jno. J. Roberts.

E. L. Mayo, Plaintiff's Attorney.

6.

Defendant's interest in all that certain piece, parcel or tract of land situate lying and being in the borough of Smethport, county of McKean and State of Pennsylvania bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a post standing in the south line of the street leading up the south side of Marvin creek in the village of Mechanicsburg from Smethport borough; one and six tenths rods south and eight and two-tenths rods west of the northwest corner of lot conveyed by Giordia Corwin to Emily Corwin; thence south nine and three-tenths rods to a post in north line of street; thence west ten and four tenths rods to a post in south line of first mentioned street; thence by line of said street forty eight degrees east, fourteen rods to the place of beginning. Containing forty eight and thirty six hundredths square perches of land strict measure be the same more or less and being a part of Warrant No. 2658 and being the same premises conveyed to William Wallace Ostrander by Abraham Kingston by deed dated May 29th, 1872, and recorded in deed book "W," page 450. Improved and having thereon one one-and-a half story frame dwelling house, one frame barn, several fruit trees and usual out-buildings.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of W. W. Ostrander at the suit of W. I. Cullar, use of W. H. Rifle.

Sheridan Gorton, Plaintiff's Attorney.

7.

Defendant's interest in all that certain lot of land for building purposes only, situate, lying and being in the village of Alton, Lafayette township, county of McKean, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point on the westerly side of Front street distant seventy-seven (77) feet northerly from the corner formed by the intersection of West and Front streets, running thence westerly and parallel with West street ninety-seven and eight tenths [illegible] thence northeasterly [illegible] [illegible] seventy six [illegible] thence easterly and again parallel [illegible] with West street thirty nine (39) feet to the westerly side of Front street; thence southerly along said westerly side of [illegible] to the point or place of beginning. Being part of lot No. 8 in map of village known as part of [illegible] survey August 20th, 1883, in the [illegible] office of McKean county, and [illegible] Pennsylvania; this deed subject to reservation in deed from Zenri West to J. B. Phillips dated the [illegible] day of June 1882. Improved and having thereon one two-story frame building [illegible] with one story addition and usual outbuildings.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of J. B. Phillips at the suit of J. Hay & Sons.

Wolf & George, Plaintiff's Attorneys.

W. B. CLARKE, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Smethport, Pa., Sept. 15, 1890.

B.H.&Co.

CASH AND ONE PRICE.

BUFFALO, Sept. 17, '90.

The new Carpets.

They look down from row after row of shelves, disport themselves on the spacious floors—their beauty almost says "We are here."

You will see them if you are a carpet buyer of course. The time has gone by when you could afford not to see what we offer. There are patterns by the score and hundred that you'll see nowhere else within a big circle, and almost nowhere else the country over is there so much to see.

And this fall the patterns have a strange beauty. Like Silas Wegg you drop into poetry as you look at them. Talk of them might weary you. A look would refresh and charm.

Enough for us to say here in a choice from the best the world over and no school of taste has been overlooked.

The most luxurious Axminsters,
Richest of Wiltons,
Downiest of Mosquettes,
Brightest of Brussels,
Prettiest of Ingrains.

The manufacturers have outdone themselves.

We ask you to come and see them. The pith of the season is here—you will be the richer. We save your money by our facilities and organization.

For instance—see the scores of patterns in strong-frame Body Brussels $1.00. We never had their equal.

The very prettiest heavy draperies for comfort and decoration, Velour, Turcoman, Chenille, etc., the very newest patterns in furniture coverings, the new designs in Lace, Curtains, mesh and figure wrought out ever so cunningly are selling at prices just as reasonable as in the past in face of an advancing tariff.

Tariff? It won't affect our prices for months to come. Still we forewarn you. Buy now.

BARNES, HENGERER & CO.

COMMISSIONERS' SALE.

The tracts of land contained in the following list having been purchased by the commissioners of McKean County at Treasurer's Sale, and the time for redemption of same by the owners having expired, the said Commissioners, by virtue of the power vested in them by the Acts of Assembly relating thereto, will offer the said lands at PUBLIC SALE, at their office in the borough of Smethport, on

TUESDAY, THE 23D DAY OF SEPTEMBER A. D. 1890,

beginning at 10 o'clock a. m.

Wt.	Sub.	Acres.	Owners.	Tax and Cost.
			Annin Township.	
21 3		19 2-10	H. A. & H. O. Robinson	7 94
		25	Henry Chase	4 37
		42	Chas. Elston	8 37
2444		1.20	Bullum & Co.	29 58
2443		50	E. W. & H. G. Stone	6 50
			Bradford Township.	
		87	T. J. & E. Wagoner	7 72
3212		140	Unknown	29 52
4069		50	H. Brown	12 87
3386 3213		100	W. M. Newell est.	27 22
3310		74 55 100	Loomis, Boggs & Brunden	31 28
				17 78
4048		10	Jno. H. Browning	31 94
10 8		20	Barry	
3907 4140		27	H. L. Taylor & Co.	8 40
3308		31	W. W. Bronson	10 94
1800		60	do	28 98
4344		200	Unknown	30 82
4311		11	do	10 4
1444		30	do	10 25
4147		15	do	7 10
4401		75	do	21 52
			Ceres Township.	
		59	S. L. Chapman	10 17
		117	H. B. Smith	37 78
			Corydon Township.	
7703		48	Unknown	11 21
			Eldred Township.	
		74	L. B. Welch	6 49
			Hamilton Township.	
4370		100	Unknown	18 12
			Hamlin Township.	
2049		109	C. H. Reid	27 62
			Keating Township.	
2003 20.5		305	B. F. & A. B. Cory	12 77
			Lafayette Township.	
2157	401	10	G. Corwin	9 59
2277		118	J. B. Lee	74 18
19 4		117	do	14 02
2267		10	Melvin, Walker & Co.	14 67
3412 3413 1135 4.36		160	Wm. Fisk's heirs	14 07
			Liberty Township.	
4148		30	Spencer Bullis	8 34
4160		6	do	4 50
4179 4153		160	E. H. Goodyear	21 02
173		25	Blackman & Lockwood	8 12
169	278	25	B. G. Stone	7 52
1 5	241	25	do	7 68
101	118	25	Unknown	7 62
165	147 108	195	do	34 14
		25	do	7 52
2151	120	25	C. H. Meeker	8 12
1270		120	M. J. Moore	6 77
2.0		60		
			Norwich Township.	
1192		50	C. Morro	5 8
2318 2352		75	R. G. White	12 87
			Otto Township.	
2868		50	Benj. Barker	12 77
	2 squares 70-60		I. G. Vanhouse	4 6
		25	D. Whipple	4 37
		10	Whitelahl	3 77
	1 square 50-60		Warren Bros.	4 92
	2 squares		Ward & Dibble	4 00
	1 square 25-100		Barlet Wilson	5 12
			Peter Wood	3 02
		10	—— Thompson	4 77
		25	E. Summer	4 50
		28	Sidney Smith	4 7
		5	W. W. Sperton	5 48
		62	Oak Shade Oil Co.	5 78
		72	L. C. Lovell	4 94
		44	Hunt & Co.	4 22
		20	—— Haymaker	4 10
		18	C. A. Hitchcock	5 12
		50	Drummond & Co.	4 1
	1 square 60-100		H. F. Baker	4 01
	1 square 50 100		J. H. Baker	5 87
		50	Akins & Peet	8 30
1153		8	Jno. Cochran	10 07
334	279	13 1-10	C. F. Whitney	15 90
2 3		25	Stewart & McDonald	5 40
10 1		11		4 01
2 2	188	78	Peter Rorapaugh	0 55

JAMES ANOLUN,
C. M. CULLEN,
JAS. A. McKEAN,
} Commissioners.

Attest: M. R. GREEN, Clerk.
Smethport, Aug. 21, 1890.

Treasurer's Sale.

An adjourned Treasurer's sale of Unseated Lands in McKean County will be held at the Treasurer's Office, in the Court House, Smethport, Pa., on

TUESDAY, SEPT. 23, 1890, COMMENCING AT 10 O'CLOCK A. M.

Wt.	Sub.	Acres.	Owner.	Tax.
			Annin Township.	
34 0		78	Geo. Helwig	21 82
4 87				
1.22	250	30	A. N. Lillibridge	7 46
2 4	142	227	Hamlin & Forrest	24 06
18		120	A. N. Lillibridge and C. L. Bellows	40 8
4417 2067 2015	333	125	J. C. Goding	6 85
3150		112	Geo. D. Helwig	8 08
		75	Geo. W. Guy	12 55
		21	Mrs. G. W. Guy	6 35
			Bradford Township.	
	Beecher lot	41	Foster, Hotchkiss & Kennedy	5 30
			Ceres Township.	
1136		406	Bullis Bros.	104 23
4 21		48	do	12 51
4 24		128	do	38 04
1 58	308	11	Peter B. Deidrich Est.	6 86
			Corydon Township.	
44 0		523	G. Corwin Est.	146 70
			Returned from seated.	
5711		75	F. R. Plumley	4 40
			Eldred Township.	
528		135	Patrick Golden	15 08
53		445	Wm. R. King	108 74
		20	do	6 00
		40	T. C. Wainman	3 11
			Returned from seated.	
	462	20	Frank A. Pallman	1 70
			Foster Township.	
1 31		15	Unknown	3 53
			Hamilton Township.	
5 06		573	C. S. Whitehouse	175 70
			Hamlin Township.	
1973	12	411	Robert Halsey	166 25
			Keating Township.	
4 16		30	G. L. Ribbins	6 41
			Returned from seated.	
	1 lot		Erwin Schott	29 01
			Lafayette Township.	
			Returned from seated.	
		72½	D. R. Wiggins	13 71
		200	Newell Estate	19 00
2 79	41	25	H. E. Gillis	11 00
House and lot			S. P. Wise	2 80
			Liberty Township.	
13 9 22 8		100	E. C. Kellogg	18 80
1357 2079	395	110	E. A. Lillibridge and L. H. Dolley	14 80
2103 1112	200	21	do	4 48
1290	135	22¼	Wm. R. King	6 50
58	164	13¼	do	3 88
1205 1137	408	185	I. C. & J. C. Goding	43 64
		1474	F. H. Goodyear	38 32
2081 2175 2043	601	300	do	19 80
1210 1312 2101 2105 2179 2108	287 289	507	do	39 39
12 0 1211	597	132	do	8 70
1271 12 8 1183	496	508	do	30 79
2114	281	5	Hamlin & Forrest	9 90
			Returned from seated.	
2137		50	Mrs. Chas. Weldell	2 03
			Norwich Township.	
2438 2103		183	F. W. Beach	31 85
2541	9	68	Sheridan Gorton	18 60
2916	1	166	J. O. White	19 49
2916	104	100	do	17 98
2916	103	80	do	8 53
2916	119	160	do	19 82
1916	120	181	do	31 57
3146		33¼	L. & J. Tompkins	7 82
2440	17	8	Crosby Lumber Co.	1 63
2340	9	27	A. L. Rifle & Bullis	1 45
2 44	112	139	do	7 31
2416	113	132	do	7 12
	67	160	do	15 12
	76	1.0	do	18 80
	77	28	do	2 04
	68	73	do	6 90
			Undivided ½ of above 7 tracts.	
			Returned from seated.	
1198 1199	10	40	Malon Jones	2 20
			Otto Township.	
2212	251	25	Reardon, Lewis et al	4 91
			Returned from seated.	
3354		47	Clark & Foster	39 21
	1 houses 3 1 lts		Eli Cummings	4 30
2221		25	C. H. Codin & Co.	66 89
2.78		4	John Wilson	6 72
3178		6	W. H. Wood	10 08
4		22	Wilson & Johnson	38 61
4081		25	E. Church	34 87
1153		47	W. A. Pullman	82 48
4 01		10	F. H. Parshall	13 93
2003		50	Pat Sullivan	6 35
4343			Walter G. Crawford	9 30
4274		41¼	J. T. Johnson	8 07
2221		12	Patterson & Hoffman	17 60
2078		4	M. McFadden	6 90
4162			D. W. Blakeslee	7 48
1378		28¼	W. F. Bell	33 44
4003		2	Mrs. C. M. McEwen	2 70
4317		10	Wentworth & Co.	10 35
2074		20	National Transit Co.	20 70
3353 3354		17¼	do	6 32
		4	J. N. Geiger	6 10
		20	Smith & Mather	7 20
3078			Sergeant Township.	
			Returned from seated.	
3118	102	75	Freeman Lazotte	0 60
			Wetmore Township.	
3133 3167	103	37	Elizabeth D. Kane	12 73
			Duke Centre.	
			Returned from seated.	
		1-15	C. S. Edmunds	48
		2	Chas. Marvin	1 20
House and		1-15	A. Hazard	56
			Eldred Borough.	
			Returned from seated.	
	1 lot		R. W. Crumley	48

L. ROGERS, Treasurer.

THE GREEN GROCERY

YOU WILL FIND

Lettuce, Asparagus, Onions, Etc. All kinds of Fruit in Season.

MY GENERAL STOCK EMBRACES

Everything in the line of Gents' Hemstitched Linen Handkerchiefs, Silk Handkerchiefs too numerous to mention, Mufflers, Collars and Cuffs, and the largest line of Neckwear to be found in the city. I am headquarters for

TOBACCO AND CIGARS,

Cigar Holders, Cigar Cases, Cigarette Cases, Match Safes, in fact everything in the Smokers' line. And don't you forget when you are looking for something

-:- CONFECTIONERY -:-

I can show you, at all times, as complete an assortment as you will find in any town of this size. Foreign and Domestic Fruits, Nuts and Farinaceous Goods.

GOODS AND PRICES TO SUIT ALL.

GEO. A. BACKUS,

Opposite Court House, Main Street, Smethport.

V. KLAPPENBACH,

MERCHANT TAILOR.

Cor. King and Church Sts., Smethport,

Keeps an assortment of English and French goods on hand from which to select. Suits will be made up in the latest and most approved styles, and entire

SATISFACTION -:- GUARANTEED

-:- FURNITURE. -:-

Talk is cheap, but Sound Business Principles always pays in the long run. To the people of Smethport and the country surrounding, we have a few words to say.

First—we keep the finest and best quality as well as the cheapest goods in the furniture line, to be found in any establishment.

Second—We sell our goods at a living profit, and don't pretend to sell at less than what they cost.

Third—If we have not the goods wanted we will procure them at prices to suit purchasers.

We claim that no purchaser wants shoddy furniture palmed off on to them for first-class goods, and an experience of 27 years in the [illegible] convinces us that success always attends

-:- SQUARE DEALING. -:-

We sell a handsomer and better made bedroom set of Antique Oak furniture for $25 than was brought into this country from Buffalo during the past year for which $30 was paid.

We sell beautiful parlor sets and lounges at ten per cent. less than it will cost you to ship them in from Buffalo or Rochester.

Don't purchase until you look over our goods and prices.

SPECHT & SASSE.

TRY -:- LARRY'S -:- DANDRUFF -:- CURE.

Sportsmen's Supplies.
Fishermen's Supplies.
LARRY'S
TONSORIAL PARLOR,
GRAND CENTRAL HOTEL,
SMETHPORT, PENN'A.

-:- Orders Promptly Responded to at Private Residences.

march 21 30-tf

CARPETS!

The largest and best assortment of carpets ever seen in this section of country is now offered for sale at the Furniture and Carpet Store in Smethport. A. Reilly, the manager, has just returned from Philadelphia, the great carpet manufacturing centre of the United States, where he has made this selection. Mr. Reilly's experience in the wool and carpet business for over twenty years gives him an experience that few, if any, in the county possess. The goods were bought direct from the manufacturers and the cash discount saved which enables us, with store rent free, insurance less than one per cent., not only to compete with surrounding cities but to sell our goods from five to ten per cent. less than the same goods are sold in some carpet houses in the cities.

Our stock of carpets includes Moquets, Velvet, Body and Tapestry Brussels, Three-Ply Ingrain All Wool, Two-Ply Ingrain, all wool, [illegible] Two-Ply Ingrain, Cotton Chain, also a fine quality Rag Carpet, Oil Cloths and Rugs of all sizes and prices. It will pay people wanting carpets to come many miles to see and examine our stock before purchasing.

SMETHPORT FURNITURE AND CARPET CO.

8-tf A. REILLY, Manager.

RADAM'S
MICROBE KILLER
Cures All Diseases,

Send for our pamphlet, giving a history of Microbes how they enter the system, cause disease and suffering and how they can be eradicated. The Microbe Killer is the only known remedy that arrests fermentation and destroys these germs. It cleanses the blood, purifies the system, and adds new life and strength.
Book mailed free on application.

The
Wm. Radam
Microbe
Killer Co.,
54 Sixth Avenue,
NEW YORK CITY.

26-49-eow-1y.

No more of this!

Rubber Shoes unless worn uncomfortably tight, generally slip off the feet.

THE "COLCHESTER" RUBBER CO.

make all their shoes with inside of heel lined with rubber. This clings to the shoe and prevents the rubber from slipping off.

Call for the "Colchester"

"ADHESIVE COUNTERS."

RAMSDELL SWEET & CO. Wholesale [illegible]

BUFFALO.

AT RETAIL BY

Retail dealers can have their names inserted here on application.

HOWARD F. WILSON,

DINING HALL,

FRESH BALTIMORE

OYSTERS

Served in every style.

FRESH -:- FISH

for family use received every Thursday evening. Leave your orders and they will be delivered at your homes free of charge.

MEALS AND LUNCH

Served at all hours. Call and get

A GOOD DINNER FOR 25 CENTS.

Fine brands of Tobacco and Cigars, and soft drinks of every description constantly on hand.

Smethport, May 2, 1890—tf

LADIES USE PEERLESS DYES

Do Your Own Dyeing, at Home.

They will dye everything. They are sold everywhere. Price 10c. a package. They have no equal for Strength, Brightness, Amount in Packages or for Fastness of Color, or non-fading Qualities. They do not crock or smut; 40 colors. [illegible]

FOR SALE.—The undersigned [illegible] 100,000 No. 1 Pine Shingles. [illegible]

A. I. [illegible]
Smethport, Pa.

April 25—tf

[illegible] AND GENERAL.

[illegible] and yellow leaf."

[illegible] holiday—Thanksgiving.

[illegible] soon done by gas light.

[illegible] moon, September 28th.

[illegible] flowers are still on the go.

[illegible] term of court convenes Oct. [illegible]

[illegible] had twenty dollars silver [illegible]

[illegible] are 11,471 registered voters in [illegible]

Hoopes, Bro. & Thomas' wanted [illegible] agent, good chance for the right [illegible]

There was a very full attendance at [illegible] Convention on Tuesday after[illegible]

[illegible]port was nearly depopulated [illegible] day. Every one went over the [illegible] paws.

[illegible] I would like to be a mosquito," [illegible] the summer girl—"just think of [illegible] crushed" to death.

Leonard Koenig has purchased the [illegible] and lot on Water street recently [illegible]pied by Miss Ann Glenn.

A tank opera company, a tank scrap[illegible]ing match and a tank circus have been the attractions in Bradford of late.

Some of the big trees of California are not less than 6000 years old, or about [illegible] years older than the pyramids.

A large number of Smethport people [illegible] business at Bradford Tuesday. Of [illegible] some of them took in Forepaugh's show.

Smethport was well represented in Port Allegany this week. Many entries [illegible] made from this section and the ex[illegible] were very creditable.

The Treasurer's as well as Commissioners' sales of unseated lands next [illegible] day, the former commencing at 10 [illegible] the latter at 2 p. m.

The new Methodist parsonage erected [illegible] street is one of the most con[illegible] arranged residences in Smethport. It is nearly ready for occupancy.

[illegible] township, Wm. Picard's Per[illegible] draft horse, "Valentine" and [illegible] stallion "Earl Monarch" [illegible] premiums at the Port Allegany [illegible] week.

[illegible] Uncle Tom's Cabin com[illegible] played to a packed house on Satur[illegible] night. "The company was the [illegible] ever presented the play here," [illegible] verdict of all who were present.

[illegible] town carried off the pennant, [illegible] New York and Pennsylvania [illegible] contest and the Bradford, Olean, [illegible] and Lime base-ball people feel [illegible] melancholy days have come."

The Williams Steam Thresher, man[illegible] at St. Johnsville, N. Y., is one [illegible] in use. Turtle & Champlin [illegible] are using one in this section of [illegible] and it does most excellent work.

[illegible] Deputy Grand Patriarch J. [illegible] installed the officers of Smeth[illegible] Encampment No. 251, I. O. O. F., [illegible] day evening of this week as fol[illegible] C. P., Jas. O. Sonbergh; H. P., [illegible] S. W. [illegible] W. King; J. W., A. M. Inkes; [illegible] R. W. [illegible]

A Meadville young lady, named Miss M. B. Best has been adjudged by Harvard [illegible] best formed woman in the country. The judgment was based upon the comparison [illegible] over 10,000 measurements. Miss Best [illegible] a popular school teacher in Crawford county.

The professional campaign letter-[illegible] getting in his work. The "Mr. [illegible] Man of the 'hour'," who [illegible] to the columns of the Brad[illegible] recently, is probably a disap[illegible] Big Island politician who burns [illegible] light oil in editorial rooms of [illegible]

[illegible] Helwig, of Austin, met with a [illegible] accident on Monday of last [illegible] falling from the steps of Judge [illegible] house thereby seriously injur[illegible] spine. Mrs. Helwig, who was [illegible] Tuesday last, informs us that for [illegible] days they despaired of his recovery, [illegible] is now out of danger.

The ninth annual fair at Franklin [illegible] will be held September 23d, 24th, [illegible] 26. On the last named date [illegible] David B. Hill will deliver an address [illegible] Miss Lottie Hunt will make a balloon [illegible] and parachute jump and on [illegible] the W. N. Y. & P. R. R. will [illegible] trains at greatly reduced rates.

Nothing opens so wide a door to vice, [illegible] to evil habits of every description [illegible] the absence of occupation. The [illegible] course of many a promising [illegible] ruin of many a hopeful life, [illegible] distinctly traced to the void [illegible] by having nothing to do. The [illegible] must be at work, and if not em[illegible] for good they will be for evil.

A New York lawyer is the possessor [illegible] lead pencil valued at $500. The [illegible] in the pencil came from a ceder tree [illegible] from the bottom of a marl-bed in [illegible] county, N. Y., at a depth of [illegible] one hundred feet below the sur[illegible] Near it was found the remains of [illegible] mastodon. The knob on the end of the [illegible] was made from a piece of the mastodon's tooth. The pencil has never been sharpened.

The death of Mrs. Helen M. Brown, wife of A. F. Brown, weigh-master of [illegible] Extract works, East Smethport, oc[illegible] on the 11th inst. The deceased [illegible] had been a long and patient sufferer [illegible] Bright's disease, was aged 37 years [illegible] universally beloved by a large [illegible] of relatives and friends. The re[illegible] were interred in Rose Hill cemetery [illegible] day last. Mrs. Brown leaves a [illegible] husband and one child to [illegible] loss.

[illegible] a true gentleman, says one, [illegible] never forget to stand as a [illegible] for every lady whose society [illegible] privilege to enjoy, treating her [illegible] have our nearest and dearest [illegible] holding her as sacred in our [illegible] and actions as we would have [illegible] sisters and wives held by. Also remembering that reason [illegible] it incumbent upon us to [illegible] a record to our wives as we [illegible] them."

[illegible] is the cheapest, most plenti[illegible] beneficial luxury supplied [illegible] to man for the preserva[illegible] and still there are peo[illegible] enlightened age who would [illegible] deprive their fellows of this [illegible] element. Public halls are [illegible] ventilated, and the public [illegible] thereby seriously impaired. [illegible] churches where God is wor[illegible] in this respect are utterly [illegible] will people realize these [illegible] and kick hard?

—The social circles of Duke Centre were considerably agitated last week over a swell wedding. The lovely daughter of F. W. Sprague, Esq., one of the leading men of that section of the county, was married to Fred Irvine, a young man who stands very high in that community. The happy couple received a great ovation as they left on their wedding trip and the presents were numerous and costly.

James Anderson, a Swede living near Mr. Jewett, met with an accident on Saturday last, which cost him his life. He was returning to his home from Johnsonburgh on a freight train and when near Freeman Station undertook to get off and fell between the cars. Both legs were nearly severed from the body and other injuries sustained. The unfortunate man was removed to his home and Drs. Freeman and Wilcox summoned, but despite their efforts he died in a few hours.

The much talked of new B. B. & K. railroad depot, although an improvement upon the old, floating scow in the swamp, will not embody the imposing grandeur, in architectural design, that our imagination had prepared us to see in the perfected structure. The frame is up, the roof on, impressions are formed, and general disappointment prevails. Interested Smethport parties having donated the ground to the company, it would seem that the town deserves something more palatial than the shed in course of erection.

Game may be lawfully killed as follows: Birds—Turkeys from October 15th to January 1st; ducks and geese, from September 1st to May 15th; plover, from July 4th to January 1st; quail, from November 1st to December 15th; pheasants, from October 1st to January 1st. Animals—Deer and elk, from October 1st to December 15th; squirrels, from September 1st to January 1st; rabbits from November 1st to January 1st. Fish—Brook or speckled trout, from April 15th to July 15th; lake trout, from October 1st to January 1st; black bass, pike, pickerel and salmon, from June 1st to January 1st; German carp, from September 1st to May 1st.

Don Beattie, the popular Mechanic street baker, and wife were pretty summarily tumbled out of their buggy on Bush hill on Wednesday evening. They were returning from the Port Allegany fair when a couple coon hunters suddenly appeared in the road in front of their horse, and turned the bright rays of a dark lantern into his face. This of course frightened him, and plunging one side he threw the buggy with its inmates over a steep bank. The buggy turned over several times and was pretty much demolished but remarkable to relate Mr. and Mrs. Beattie and the horse all came out of the disaster uninjured although Mrs. Beattie accompanied the buggy in its revolutions.

The New York *Tribune* in an editorial upon the rapid disappearance of American forests says: "Whenever the impending dangers of a failure of the timber supply have been pointed out no impression has been made upon the public mind. Americans have grown so accustomed to the idea that their country possesses inexhaustible resources in timber that it has been impossible to convince them that necessity of protecting the few remaining forests and for planting trees on a large scale for another generation are of supreme National interest. With the closing of the Northwest as a source of timber supply, which cannot be deferred very long, these great [illegible] public attention. It will be too late to restore the forests for the benefit of Americans now living, for white oaks and great pines do not grow like cornstalks, but another age will profit by the folly and imbecility of this generation."

Personal

[illegible] George H. Brownell visited Port Allegany this week.

[illegible] T. A. Morrison is holding [illegible] in Potter county this week.

Mrs. L. W. Mason and daughter Cora returned Tuesday from a visit to friends [illegible] friends.

F. M. Adams, of Duke Centre, made the MINER office a pleasant call on Tuesday.

L. O. Chadwick, of Bradford, was a delegate to the Republican convention, last Tuesday.

Charles C. Ward and S. J. Carlson, of Port Allegany, were callers at the MINER office on Tuesday.

John O. Sonbergh, of Clermont, was installed Grand Patriarch of the I. O. O. F. lodge, of this place Wednesday evening.

Mrs. Ada Cable, the accomplished reporter for the *Era* was in attendance on the Republican County Convention on Tuesday last.

Mr. John Rooney and F. H. Portle and wife returned from Pittsburgh Sunday evening. They were delayed on the road by the heavy rains and wash-outs nearly two days and then were forced to drive from Bradford.

Teacher's Institute.

The McKean County Teacher's Institute will convene in the court house in Smethport on Monday, October 20, at 2 p. m.

The instructors will be:

Prof. R. G. Boone, of the Indiana State University.

Supt. George R. Lord, of Franklin, Pa.

Supt. R. W. Peck, of McConnellsburg, Pa.

These are all gentlemen well qualified for their positions as instructors.

EVENING SESSIONS.

Monday evening—Lecture by W. J. Knight.

Tuesday evening—Lecture, "Jack and Frank," Rev. J. Bell Neff.

Wednesday evening—Entertainment by Lee R. Luke, the poet wit, and Ella J. Meade, vocalist, both of New York city.

Thursday evening—A miscellaneous entertainment, consisting of recitations and vocal and instrumental music, furnished by the teachers, assisted by the Smethport Military Band.

Thursday, October 23, will be directors' day, and our state superintendent, D. J. Waller, has promised to be present.

Let all of the directors make a special effort to be present and meet Supt. Waller.

Persons attending the institute who pay full fare to Smethport will be returned free over the B. B. & K. R. R., and for one third fare over the W. N. Y. & P. R. R.

Board at the hotels will be $1 per day to members of the institute.

Those preferring to do so can get good boarding in private families at reasonable rates.

Directors will please see that their teachers are informed of the time of the institute, as the law requires that all of the schools must be closed during that time.

Come out and enjoy a good meeting.

W. P. EckELS, Co. Sup't.

WHAT steam is to the engine, Hood's Sarsaparilla is to the body, producing bodily power and furnishing mental force.

The County Convention.

In response to the call of Chairman Greenewald, the representatives of the Republican party of McKean county met in convention in the Court House in this place on Tuesday last at 2 p. m., for the purpose of giving expression as to the choice of McKean county of a candidate for Congress for the 27th district. Owing to the absence of Mr. Greenewald from the county, ex-Sheriff Bannon was deputed to call the Convention to order, N. J. Loveless acting as temporary Secretary. A call of the list of wards, boroughs and townships revealed the fact that every precinct in the county excepting four—Corydon, 2d precinct of Bradford township, Foster 1st and Norwich—were fully represented.

A permanent organization was effected by the election of Geo. A. Sturgeon, Esq., of Bradford, as chairman, and C. R. Roberts of Ceres and the members of the press as Secretaries. When Mr. Sturgeon took the chair he thanked the Convention for the honor conferred, and stated, briefly, the object for which the Convention was called.

Nominations being in order, C. C. Ward, Esq., of Port Allegany, in a few sensible remarks, placed in nomination as McKean county's candidate for Congress, Samuel W. Smith, Esq., of Port Allegany. The nomination was seconded in a strong speech by Capt. W. B. Chapman of Bradford. No other nominations being made a motion to nominate Mr. Smith by acclamation was unanimously and enthusiastically adopted.

Mr. Ward offered the following preamble and resolutions which were adopted by a unanimous vote:

WHEREAS, In the dispensation of Divine Providence the earthly pilgrimage of our lamented member in the National Congress, Hon. Lewis Watson, has been cut short by death, thereby depriving the 27th Congressional district of Pennsylvania of the services of a most useful member in the lower House of Congress, and an eminent citizen whose memory is cherished by all who had the pleasure of his acquaintance.

WHEREAS, The death of Col. Watson creates a vacancy from this district in the present Congress as well as a vacancy on the Republican ticket which is to be voted for at the coming November election, in which vacancies McKean county as an integral portion of the district takes a deep interest. Therefore,

Resolved, That the representatives of the Republican party of McKean county in convention assembled presents the name of Samuel W. Smith, Esq., as their candidate for the Congressional nomination for both terms, believing that his ability, his personal integrity and his party fealty entitles him to the respect and confidence of the Republicans of the entire district, and in accordance with the custom which has prevailed for many years in this county we give him the naming of the conferees for the county in the District Convention.

Mr. Smith being called for appeared and made a few excellent remarks in which he thanked the Convention for the great honor which had been conferred upon him. He stated most emphatically that he was earnestly seeking the nomination and would make every honorable effort to secure it.

The Convention then adjourned *sine die*.

G. A. R.

HEADQUARTERS

GRAND ARMY OF THE REPUBLIC

RUTLAND, VT., Aug. 29, 1890.

CIRCULAR LETTER

No. 1

COMRADES:—The Grand Army of the Republic was never in better condition than at the present time. Its strength and power are commensurate with its numbers, now nearly one half million comrades. But its mission is not complete. We are comrades not for personal [illegible] individually the better to do good to others who stood at our side in the shock of battle. There are far too many such, not enrolled with us and therefore not within the reach of the full benefits of our order. They lose the advantage and inspiration of fraternal associations which the Post room, the only club house of the average veteran, affords. The relief fund of the Post is not sure to reach them in their distress. They do not go with us to visit the sick, to feed the hungry, or to bury the dead comrade. Our badge, which Grant and Sheridan prized and Sherman wears, does not decorate their breasts as the insignia of honor for their valiant service.

No veteran joins the Grand Army of the Republic and enters into its work in the spirit of true comradeship without being lifted to a loftier manhood and to the plane of better citizenship. We therefore fail in duty if we fail to do our utmost to bring all who offered their lives for flag and country within our organization. They all now know that such membership cannot infringe the free exercise of political inclination or religious faith.

The Commander-in-Chief therefore appeals to Posts and comrades to bring upon our rolls all worthy veterans of the Union army and navy, who are not there already, and to let none be dropped therefrom for inability to pay the small dues incumbent upon membership.

He also solicits from Department Commanders and all comrades frank suggestions upon matters within administrative jurisdiction pertaining to the welfare of the order. By vigorous co-operation along our lines they are sure to be greatly advanced, and our countrymen will ever rise up to bless us for true devotion to "Fraternity, Charity and Loyalty," even as they hold us in honor for brave deeds on the battlefields of the Republic.

Yours in F. C. and L.

W. G. VEAZEY,

Com'dr-in-Chief.

Official:

J. H. GOULDING,

Adjutant General.

List of Letters

Remaining in the postoffice at Smethport, Pa., for the week ending Sept. 13.

Arnold Harry C.	Keesler Will
Bergmann, Isaac	Miller, Bert
Hines, Mrs Clara	Starkweather, Henry

Persons calling for these letters, please say advertised and give date.

E. H. KERNS, P. M.

Don't Miss It.

Miss Henrietta G. Moore, National Lecturer for the W. C. T. U., will speak in East Smethport, Sunday Sept. 21st, at 3 p. m., and in the M. E. Church, Smethport, at 7:30 the same date. One paper in the county says: "She is a woman of universal ability, although womanly, earnest, eloquent and convincing."

A Fortunate Woman.

Mrs. Mary L. Baker, of Ovid, Mich., has reason to be very thankful. She was a great sufferer from heart disease for years. Was short of breath, had hungry spells, pain in side, fluttering, faintness, etc. After taking two bottles of Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure, she says, "I am better than for 20 years. My mind and eyesight have improved wonderfully. I advised all persons thus afflicted to use this great remedy." A. B. Armstrong, druggist, recommends and guarantees it. Dr. Miles work on Heart Disease, containing marvelous testimonials, free.

—A. F. Brown, weigh-master of the Extract works, East Smethport, wishes to express his thanks to numerous friends who rendered their services during the illness of his late wife.

AROUND THE COUNTY.

Interesting News From Various Localities As Related by Our Regular Correspondents.

BRADFORD.

Miss Helen Byron has returned from a season's breathing spell at Atlantic City.

Monday was the Jewish New Year and was appropriately observed by that denomination.

Councilman Felix Steinberger, wife and children have left for a month's visit with friends at Boston, Mass.

The Congressional current of the present political campaign is occupying more attention than all the rest of the slices combined.

Colonel J. C. Fox, of the St. James Hotel, has so far recovered from the recent sprain of his ankle as to be able to navigate on a cane.

Society gossips are rolling a morsel under their tongues, composed of several weddings to take place before the snow flies on both sides of the fence again.

Hon. W. S. Brownell, of Smethport, passed through the city Saturday on his way home from [illegible], where he had been enjoying a few weeks' needed rest.

Deputy Sheriff [illegible], Sheriff Clarke, Mark L. Armstrong, Democratic candidate for Sheriff, Fred Brownell and H. S. Rogers of the county seat, were among the visitors in the city on Forepaugh's [illegible] day.

Hon. G. B. McCalmont, better known as "Barney," a former Republican war horse of McKean county, has taken up his residence in Wyoming, and is already propounding the issues of the tariff question to the residents of that country.

The citizens of the Fourth ward created such a disturbance about the existence of the city dumping grounds, in their vicinity, that the Board of Health have leased a lot of ground outside of the city limits which should have been done many moons ago.

Marie Greenwood's opera company, Reeves burlesque company and Foster Fay spectacular combination have been the attractions at the opera house this week, and the bevy of girls of all ages, colors, sizes and forms, attired in gay costumes and decorated with plenty of connecting and deceptive accessories, have served to cause the fickle youth's heart to beat pit-a-pat that was almost audible.

John Kinnert, an engineer employed in Hazelton's lumber mill, on the West Branch, met with a painful accident on the A. & K. railroad last Tuesday afternoon. He attempted to jump [illegible] his footing. He was caught under the wheels and his right arm was horribly crushed, besides receiving a number of other wounds. He was taken to the hospital and the injured member was amputated.

A stir was created in newspaper circles here on Monday morning when the announcement was made that E. S. Whitney had resigned the business management of the Bradford Evening Star, with which paper he had been associated for ten years. Mr. Whitney is well known throughout the county and is a thorough business man. His resignation was prompted on the contemplation of a business venture. His successor has not been named.

A burglary was committed in this city on Sunday morning which is surrounded with mystery. The scene was located in F. A. Leven's grocery store, No. 11 Congress street. The perpetrators of the theft had a complete set of keys, and entered the front door, and were also acquainted with the combination of the safe. They opened the safe door, unlocked the cash drawer and relieved it of $150, which had been deposited the night before. The burglars opened the rear window, but indications showed that it had been raised from the inside as a blind.

A small sensation was caused this week at police headquarters by Chief of Police Frawley discharging night patrolman Duffee, who was discovered at midnight by the head officer enjoying a shave in Kerstetter's gallery. Several friends of Mr. Duffee interfered in his behalf and in rather an emphatic manner [illegible] Mr. Frawley gave them to understand that no officer could protect respectable citizens by "playing" when the cat [illegible] is not around. This is the second resignation asked for since the new administration has been launched. Ex-auxiliary policeman Rowan has been appointed as Mr. Duffee's successor.

The announcement is out of the marriage of [illegible] K. Wagner, daughter of Rev. and Mrs. W. K. Wagner, of Holley, N. Y., to [illegible] Sage, of Churchville, on Thursday, September 25th, at high noon. Miss Wagner was a resident of Smethport ten years ago when her father was pastor of the M. E. church, and has a host of friends who will wish her much happiness and prosperity to be pressed down and run over when she launches into her new era of life. The groom is a prosperous flour manufacturer and coal dealer, and has fitted up a beautiful home for their residence. Her brother, city editor Harry S. Wagner, of the Bradford Star, will give his sister away and her father will pronounce the ceremony that will join the two popular young people as man and wife.

The sad news reached here Friday morning that W. [illegible] Leonard had died at his mother's home, in Lockport, N. Y. Mr. Leonard was 36 years of age and adopted this city as his residence in 1880. He commenced as bookkeeper in the United pipe line office and later was head accountant for Whitney & McMullen, which position he held until his serious illness of two months ago. The deceased had been suffering with a complication of diseases for the past year and hopes were entertained for his recovery, but when he returned from a sojourn at Atlantic City last summer, it was plainly evident that he must submit to the inevitable and still all that could be brought to bear for his recovery was to [illegible] Mr. Leonard was a young man whose character was loved and respected, and a host of friends throughout Western Pennsylvania will sincerely feel his loss. He was a member of the Bradford Athletic club and a delegation attended the funeral services which took place Sunday afternoon.

Many [illegible] have entered Bradford for [illegible] attention of any pedestrian. Home of a sensation occurred a week ago Sunday, during the [illegible] from Buffalo, in this city [illegible] created a great deal of gossip. The bait was a [illegible] at the Erie depot when a Mrs. Benjamin, of the Windy city, determined that her daughter Maggie, who had [illegible] of this city on the Saturday previous, should return home with her. Thompson had worked in Buffalo and kept company with Mrs. Benjamin's daughter, and as time went on succeeded in winning her hand in marriage. The mother objected to the match on the ground that he would not be [illegible] capable of supporting a wife, and also that they were too young, Miss Maggie being only 17 years old and Thompson in his 20th year. Despite the objections of the parent the couple eloped away to Limestone on a freight train and were married, returning to this city, a distance of five miles, on foot. Mrs. Benjamin repaired to the home of Thompson and, after a short consultation with her daughter, [illegible] informed her husband of less than twenty four hours. He was adverse to the proceedings and sought the aid of the police who appeared at the depot, but after an investigation decided that the mother was in the right.

KANE.

Kane has a large industry in view.

Thomas Dellenney, the barber, is now located at Russell city.

A few people who cannot find suitable locations in Kane go to Russell city.

A number of the young people of Kane are attending Allegheny College, at Meadville Pa.

Henry Kapper, of Williamsport, and one of the earliest settlers of Kane, is visiting friends here.

Kemp's steam laundry, at the Thompson House, is turning out the best work in this section.

Conferees of the Elk, Clarion and Forest senatorial district meet in Kane to-day, the 19th, to-day(?).

All show-days in Kane next week. Keller's Expectations, S. O. Rogers Inter-state Circus and Menageries and the Rhinehart sisters.

The clothes pin factory of Moffit, Howells & Co., is still shut down. The company do this rather than discharge the men, boys and girls.

Damage to the bridges by the late heavy rains east of Kane, on the P. & E. R. R., have all been repaired and trains are again running on time.

We would advise all lovers of fine and neat fitting suits to call and inspect the new goods, and the uniform of our chief of police, just received by Cook, the tailor, over the Kane bank.

L. D. Russell, of the bean grocery, and L. Davis & Son, furniture dealers, and their numerous customers, have suffered much inconvenience by having their goods delayed by the washouts east of this place.

The weamers who are predicting the defeat of one of our candidates for the Legislature will find that he will be elected by an increased majority over two years ago. We haven't space to give reasons, but the plain truth is we are aroused as we never were before.

Where is the health committee. It might be well enough for them to take a stroll around and in the vicinity of the St. Elmo Hotel. If the sewer pipes can be procured a little faster, Contractor Mathews will have the most filthy, stinking and intolerable nuisance abated before they get around.

The parties who perpetrated the dastardly trick at a restaurant on Fraley street, are well known to the owners of the building; and no member of the hungry nine club was in any way connected with the affair, as the impression was being conveyed by some to injure the reputation of men who have marriageable daughters, and are themselves above reproach.

Michael H. Hanlon, of Mt. Alton, and Miss Nellie Kavanagh, of Kane, were united in marriage early last Thursday morning at the Catholic Church, Rev. Father Winkler officiating. The bride was a special favorite here among her many young friends. Miss Mollie Leary, of Kane, was bridesmaid and W. H. McPherson, of Buffalo, best man. The bride was dressed in an elegant dress of cadet blue, which was very becoming to the wearer's face, the groom in the regulation black. The presents were costly and nice. The happy couple left on the Ridgway express for an extended wedding trip to the eastern cities.

MT. JEWETT.

Mr and Mrs. Ralph spent last Sunday with friends in Olean.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. John Dorr, Sept. 9th, a son, weight seven pounds.

The cold, wet weather of the past few weeks reminds us that winter is fast approaching.

Mr. John Philips, of Bradford, spent last Sunday with his brother A. G. Philips of this place.

During the thunder storm of last week lightning struck and killed a cow belonging to John Colson.

Mr. and Mrs. Otto Carlson lost their little boy, aged four years. The death occured last Monday.

Mr. H. Thompson returned from Clarion and Pittsburg last Saturday, where he has been visiting friends.

Miss Zeltie Hays is again on duty as book keeper in McLellan's office at Kane, after a short vacation of two weeks.

E. W. Long and D. B. Hosmer and wives started last Tuesday for a few weeks visit with friends in Buffalo and Niagara.

The much needed jewelry store in this place has been opened recently by Mr. T. Malmo in Long's building. Give him a call.

Henderick & Miller's Comedy Company played to Longs hall last Monday evening, they had a full house and the company is very good.

Dr. Vandyke was called to St. Clareville, N. Y., last Friday by the severe illness of his brother. He was accompanied by his wife.

PORT ALLEGANY.

Joseph Stonehauer and daughters, of Emporium were in town last week, guests of Mrs. C. E. Brown.

Rufus Coombs has purchased the house and lot on Hill street now occupied by Max Wilson and will soon take possession.

Grading has been commenced on the new railroad to run up Skinner creek, a large force of men and teams being engaged.

The Presbyterian church is being enlarged and remodeled. Furnaces will also be put in and other important changes made.

Elias George has purchased the Coleman home and lot, on Mill street, and will take possession at once. Consideration $800.

A meeting of the Wellsboro Presbytery was held here last week. Quite a number of eminent divines were present and the meetings proved to be highly interesting.

The Port Allegany cornet band has been reorganized with the following officers: President, Chas. W. Catlin; Treasurer, H. E. Boys; Secretary, B. G. Bartle; Leader, E. O. Durfee. New music has been purchased and the boys are practicing nightly.

Mr. Amos Palmer, of the Two Mile, started last week for Colorado Springs in pursuit of his health, which is very poor. A large number of friends gathered at the depot to wish him a pleasant trip and praying that he might return to them with health fully restored.

A pound party was held at the residence of the Rev. R. C. H. Catterall on Monday evening of last week which was largely attended and a most delightful evening was passed by the participants. Mr. and Mrs. Catterall have been among us nearly two years and by their consistent Christian lives have endeared themselves to the hearts of the entire community.

Our graded school commenced on Tuesday, September 2d, with a full corps of competent instructors. All the old teachers were retained with the exception of Prof. A. E. Barnes and Miss Neefe, who did not wish to remain longer. Prof. Stewart was engaged as principal and Miss Nettie Hooker teaches the primary department in place of Miss Neefe.

Henry Metcalf Post, G. A. R. and W. R. C. will hold an open camp fire on Saturday evening. All comrades are cordially invited. A fine programme, consisting of songs and recitations, is being prepared. At the close of the programme the ladies will serve supper to the hungry for which the small sum of fifteen cents will be charged, the proceeds to be devoted to their organ fund.

Work will be commenced at once on the proposed extension of the water works. It has been decided by the stockholders to abandon the Skinner creek extension, which was built last year, and to build another reservoir up [illegible] with the old reservoir. The work will be under the immediate supervision of W. E. Smith and I know no one better qualified to perform the work in a satisfactory manner.

ELDRED.

A. C. Douglass visited Smethport last Monday.

Wm. Horninger, of Olean, was in town Tuesday.

Dr. R. J. Sharp, of Austin, was in town Wednesday.

C. C. Moses is making extensive repairs around his office.

C. W. Green, of Olean, was looking around town last Monday.

"Peter" McCabe has been taking in the sights of Pittsburg for a week past.

Mrs. Ed Smith was summoned to Austin last week by the illness of her sister.

Geo. F. Anderson, of Bradford, was looking after business interests in town on Tuesday.

Miss Mina Smith returned last Saturday from an extended visit with friends at Addison.

Miss Libbie Moses returned last Friday from an extended visit with friends in Philadelphia.

Quite a number of our pleasure seekers attended Forepaugh's circus at Bradford on Tuesday.

M. A. Fisher has the frame up for his new house and will soon have it ready for occupancy.

Miss Mattie Scholes returned Monday from Angelica where she has been visiting for a short time.

Mrs. A. J. Burden started for Minnesota Monday morning where she will visit relatives for some time.

A large number of Baptists were in town Tuesday and Wednesday in attendance at the Baptist Association of this district.

School opened on Monday morning of last week with a large attendance. The term promises to be even more successful than the preceding one.

Vreelands' minstrels gave a very pleasing entertainment on Saturday night, Sept. 6, and drew a large crowd. They were registered at the St. Elmo.

Our town now sports a "Wonderland" and the passer-by can not resist paying his dime to look behind the screen when he hears the sweet strains of music which issue forth.

Tuesday morning while Amos Fischer and Riley Otto were at work putting a furnace on the former's house the scaffold gave way and both men fell a distance of about sixteen feet, breaking one of the bones in Mr. Otto's ankle. Although Mr. Fischer fell head first striking on his head and shoulders, he was not seriously injured.

KENDALL CREEK.

Mrs. B. L. Taylor and family have removed to Bradford.

Miss May Calhoun is absent on a visit to friends in Buffalo.

Lloyd DeHart has returned from a visit to relatives at Salamanca.

A. Verne Field left Monday on a business trip to North Baltimore, Ohio.

Charles Perry, of Clarkstown, Pa., is in town the guest of his sister, Mrs. J. G. Field.

F. X. Boileau, of Eagertown, was in town.

Miss Ella Wilcox, of Buffalo, is in town the guest of her cousin, Miss Pearl Cotwick.

Miss Carrie Artley and Mrs. Anna Artley have returned from a visit to friends in Buffalo.

George Smith, a former resident of this place, now of Washington, Pa., was in town last week.

John and Helen Denman left last week for Bethlehem, Pa., where they are attending the University.

Mrs. Dougherty, who has been the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Field, left on Monday to join her husband at Findlay, Ohio.

The W. C. T. U. gave a chicken pie supper at the reading room last Friday. The supper proved an immense success, in every way, and was thoroughly enjoyed by the large number who partook thereof.

Mrs. Henrietta Moore, of Ohio, delivered a temperance lecture to a large gathering at the Presbyterian church, on Sunday night. Mrs. Moore is a very interesting speaker and her hearers were delighted with her.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the M. E. Church are preparing for a bazar, to be held in the new church, if it is completed, the last of this month. The proceeds will be used in paying the debt on the church. The object is a noble one and it is hoped they will meet with the encouragement they deserve.

KASSON.

E. L. Perry had business in Smethport on Monday.

We thought the sun had forgotten us, but we were mistaken as usual.

W. Ostrander and C. Keifer, of Smethport, drove through this place Sunday.

Miss Elvira Kinney, who has been teaching school at Gardeau, returned home on Friday.

P. D. Hopkins and wife and Miss Mamie Patison visited Mrs. Stephen Pattison on Sunday.

There is a chance for some enterprising young man to make himself famous as a canal driver here.

John Taylor returned from Scranton, Pa., on Wednesday where he went to attend the funeral of his father.

Mrs. Casper Hafner and Mrs. John Martin, of Clermont, spent Saturday and Sunday with friends here.

James Anderson, a Swede, formerly of this place, was killed at Mt. Jewett on Saturday last by being run over by the cars. Both legs were cut off and he was otherwise mangled beyond recognition.

They All Failed.

The following letter from Mr. W. A. Thomson, of Columbus, Wis., is peculiarly interesting: "My wife," says he, "has been treated for her head, stomach and nervous prostration by three doctors in New York, two in Chicago, one in Philadelphia, one in Cincinnati, and at the large institute in Buffalo for 16 months. They all failed. But one bottle of Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine helped her wonderfully." This should be used in all headaches, backaches, changes of life, nervous disturbances, fits, rheumatism, etc. Ask at A. B. Armstrong's drug store for a free trial bottle and Dr. Miles new book on the Nerves and Heart.

The Doctor And Postmaster.

Were talking about a case of serious illness, due to a neglected Cold and rapidly going into Consumption which was promptly cured by Pan-Tina Cough and Consumption Cure. Price 25 and 50 cents. Trial bottles free.

Experience has shown sufferers with Dyspepsia, Billiousness, and Liver Complaint, in fact all diseases arising from a disordered system, that nothing equals Dr. Lee's Liver Regulator for these troubles. Try it.

Trial bottles free at Frank R. Foster's Drug Store.

From The Nation's Capitol.

Mr. A. N. Hazen, Washington, D. C., says the Famous Red Flag Oil is a perfect family medicine, and has no equal for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sprains, Cuts, Burns and all bodily pain. Price 25 cents.

CONSUMPTION.—Are you troubled with this terrible disease?

If so, take healthy exercise, live in open air, use Pan-Tina Cough and Consumption Cure and be cured; don't delay. Price 25 and 50 cents.

Trial bottles free at Frank R. Foster's Drug Store.

—Mrs. J. B. Laraway begs to inform the ladies of Smethport and vicinity that she is prepared to do dressmaking in the latest and most approved styles, and to this end has engaged the services of Miss Marie Spence, of Binghamton, N. Y., a lady thoroughly practical in the art. All work promptly done and guaranteed. Rooms over the MINER office.

—The handsomest wall paper ever brought to Smethport can be seen at Specht & Sasse's Furniture rooms.

EVERYBODYS' COLUMN.

Items of Interest Gathered from Various Sources by the Man With the Shears.

—Smoke "First Attempt."

—"First Attempt" clear Havana.

—Go to M. Rosenfield's for clothes.

—After breakfast smoke "First Attempt."

—Have you seen the carpets at the Furniture and Carpet Store?

—"First Attempt" sold at the Central and Wright House.

—Don't fail to see the carpets at the Furniture and Carpet Store.

—The finest range ever put on exhibition in Smethport, is for sale at L. W. Mason's hardware store.

—Carpets in exchange for wool at the Furniture and Carpet Store.

—A big line of clothing for men and boys at M. Rosenfield's Main street.

—The largest and finest stock of carpets ever brought to this section of country is now at the Furniture and Carpet Store.

—For wall paper, go to Reilly's Furniture and Carpet store.

Cash paid for wool at A. Reilly's furniture and carpet store, Main street.

—Families, jobbers and everybody can be supplied with fresh and salt meats promptly upon application at Stull's, East Smethport, Pa.

—Go to J. G. Hall, of Port Allegany, Pa., for all kinds of flooring, ceiling, wainscoting, siding, wood turning, mouldings, etc. Pike lever handles a specialty. 8ft

—Itch, Mange, and Scratches on human or animals cured in 30 minutes by Woolford's Sanitary Lotion. This never fails. Sold by A. B. Armstrong druggist, Smethport. 26 42 ly

LITERARY NOTES.

In his "Reminiscences of N. P. Willis and Lydia Maria Child," which will appear in *Harper's Magazine* for October, George Ticknor Curtis says:

"I can recall many illustrations of what the 'Easy Chair' calls Mr. Willis's 'pleasant audacity,' but I can hardly say, with the 'Easy Chair,' that his secret was 'tact,' at the time when I knew him slightly, and knew a good deal of him. The 'Easy Chair' was quite right in saying that among his contemporaries there was 'some impression of the coxcomb,' but it was a good deal more than an impression. I quite agree that he was a good-hearted fellow, and I am rather inclined to rate his talents higher than he ever rated them himself, if we are to judge by the use that he made of them.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Notice.

THE FOLLOWING ACCOUNTS OF Executors, Administrators and Guardians having been settled in the office of the Register the same will be presented for confirmation at the Orphans Court to be held at Smethport, in and for the County of McKean, and State of Pennsylvania, on the First Monday of October, A. D. 1890.

First and partial account of Ida A. Blackmore, administratrix of the estate of E. H. Blackmore, deceased.

First and final account of Wm. Lockhart, administrator of the estate of Lucinda Jewett, deceased.

First and Final account of Isaac B. Baker, administrator of the estate of Mark E. Manning, deceased.

First and final account of T. B. Clark, guardian of Semira E. Barker, minor child of G. T. Barker, deceased.

J. M. McELROY, Register.

H. M. CHOATE, Deputy.

Smethport, Pa., Sept. 8, 1890.

Notice in Divorce.

A. D. No. 25, May Term, 1889.

McKEAN COUNTY, ss:—THE COMMONwealth of Pennsylvania to the sheriff of said county, greeting:

Whereas, Mrs. J. L. Smith did on the 23d day of April, 1889, prefer her petition to our said Judges of the said Court of Common Pleas [illegible] therein set forth she might be divorced from the bonds of matrimony entered into with you John Smith.

We therefore command you, the said John Smith that setting aside all other business and excuses whatsoever, you be and appear in your proper person before our Judges at Smethport, at a Court of Common Pleas there to be held for the county of McKean, on the 1st Monday of October next, to answer the petition or libel of said Mrs. J. L. Smith and to show cause, if any you have, why the said Mrs. J. L. Smith, your wife, should not be divorced from the bonds of matrimony, agreeably to the Acts of Assembly in such cases made and provided. Herein fail not.

A true copy. W. B. CLARKE, Sheriff.

E. R. Mayo, Atty for Libellant.

Smethport, Sept. 10, 1890.

FURNITURE POLISH.

There is a furniture polish that takes off the mars and scratches and makes furniture or piano look as fresh as new.

It won't harm the most richly finished wood, nor scratch the finest. It's what its name implies—a polish, a brightner.

Some people use it for hard wood floors.

Others for the wainscoting.

Some spic-span housekeepers polish the piano with it once a month.

Hundreds use it on furniture.

And it isn't expensive. One bottle will keep furniture and piano polished for two or three years.

In our factory we have used this polish for more than 25 years and we see no reason for using any other. It has proved itself to be all we claim it.

Shall we send you a bottle? It costs $1.00, without any charge for mailing or expressage.

That dollar will come back a hundred-fold.

HERSEE & CO.,
247-255 Ellicott St., Buffalo, N. Y.
Two blocks from Main.

SALESMEN WANTED.

A good chance to secure a paying situation for the dull winter months. Each salesman furnished with a complete outfit illustrating and describing New Fruits, &c., that sell readily. Salary and expenses from start. Write for terms.

HOOPES, BRO & THOMAS,
Maple Avenue Nurseries,
West Chester, Pa.

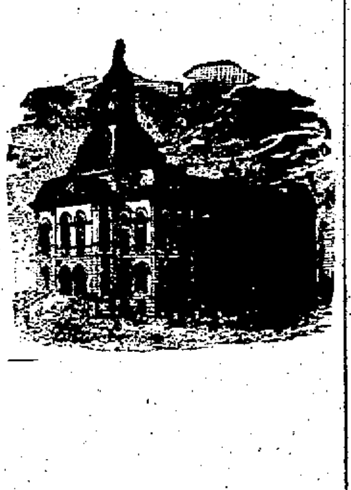
FOR SALE.—House and lot cheap and on easy payments. Inquire of O. D. BUSH, East Smethport, Pa. Sept. 19, 1890.

FOR SALE.—The subscriber offers for sale a span of 3½ year old colts weighing 2,500 pounds, and in good condition. Terms reasonable. Apply to A. J. BOND, Smethport, Pa., Sept 19, 1890. 2t.

TO WEAK MEN

Suffering from the effects of youthful errors, early decay, wasting weakness, lost manhood, etc., I will send a valuable treatise (sealed) containing full particulars for home cure, FREE of charge. A splendid medical work; should be read by every man who is nervous and debilitated. Address,

Prof. F. C. FOWLER, Moodus, Conn.



STICKNEY,

BELL & CO.,

OPPOSITE THE

Smethport, Pa.

STOCK TAKING IS OVER!

The figures for the year's business are about closed.

The result—well, no matter, that concerns us, but not you. It's enough to say, that we are encouraged to start our fiscal year with a determination to try just a little harder to study your wants and to make our store a place where you can have them filled, to profit by past experience, to use our very best judgment in buying, to be painstaking and truthful in selling, to merit a continuance of the patronage so liberally given us in the past.

September is the month of Fairs.

We are determined that Smethport shall have one, too. It may be a sort of a private affair, but it will be open to the public daily for the balance of the month, and for the purpose of displaying our fall stock now arriving.

If we are short on pumpkins we will convince those who attend that we are no small potatoes in the line of

DRESS GOODS,

Cloaks, Domestic Hosiery and Notions, Shoes and Men's Furnishings.

No ball games or foot races allowed; but premiums to those who come first in the way of first choice of styles.

You are invited.

STICKNEY, BELL & CO.

Here we are Again!

Trying, trying to do our customers good by selling them more goods for their money than any other store in this locality. Now if you doubt this we will take pleasure in convincing you that such is really the case.

I have some very Desirable

SUMMER GOODS

which I am offering away down. Real Bargains, FOR THE BUYER OF COURSE.

I make this announcement to impress upon the mind of the people that I intend to reduce my present stock, to make room for a large, carefully selected and cheap stock, suitable for the fall and winter trade. Call and see me. You will be used well whether you buy or not.

SPECIAL BARGAINS IN SHOES!

D. C. YOUNG'S

New Fall and Winter

DRESS GOODS AND YARNS!

We have just purchased an entirely new line of yarns, consisting of Saxony, Germantown, and German Knitting Yarn, Zephyrs, &c.

We have also just received some very fine Dress Goods of the latest patterns. Come and see our new and elegant Dress Patterns, Pure mohair silk Finish.

Dress Flannels, Cashmeres, &c.

It is hardly necessary to speak of our new shoes, as they are going off like hot cakes, and giving general satisfaction. A new pair of fine shoes for a trifle more than it would cost you to have the old ones cobbled.

A few bargains in trimmed and untrimmed hats, bonnets, &c. Come in time—procrastination will deprive you of fashionable head wear for a little money.

MRS. T. D. NASH.

Smethport, Aug. 14th 1890.—tf

Manufactured by
The Swanton Suspender Co.
Swanton
VT.
Keep your pants on with the Atwood Suspender.

.·. BROWNELL BROS, .·.

SMETHPORT, PA.,

We are sole agents of the above Suspenders.

Announce to the people of Smethport and vicinity that their stock is now complete and embraces many

Novelties in Every Department,

Designed for the

EVERY-DAY TRADE.

OUR EPICUREAN DEPARTMENT is supplied with all the leading brands of Canned and Bottled Good, including fruits, vegetables, meats soups, etc.

OUR DRY GOODS DEPARTMENT embraces all the latest fabrics in Dress Goods, White Goods, Table Linens, Damasks, &c.

OUR SHOE DEPARTMENT can not be beat. Fine Shoes for Ladies' Misses' and Children's wear. Also Men's Youths' and Boys' Boots and Shoes of every description.

We have also in stock a full line of Hats and Caps, Gents' Furnishing Goods, Gloves and Mittens.

Groceries and Provisions and the Best Brands of Flour in the Market.

- THE BEST -

Meat and Vegetable Market

IN

SMETHPORT.

[illegible]

FRESH MEAT,

HAM, SAUSAGES,

Salt Meats, Corned Beef, Lard, Chickens, &c., &c.

ALSO

VEGETABLES

IN THEIR SEASON

A FIRST-CLASS LINE

FAMILY GROCERIES

[illegible]

A Full Line

CANNED GOODS

Highest market price paid for Hides and Pelts.

G. W. WILLIAMS & SONS

Main Street. [illegible]

A DELIGHTFUL

Sparkling Beverage.

—NON-INTOXICATING.—

MASON'S ENGLISH BEER EXTRACTS.

Prepared quickly and easily. Perfect assimilation, no sediment, clear, pure and fine flavour, no alcoholic proportion.

CHEAP, WHOLESOME AND REFRESHING.

Botanic Beer, Ginger Ale, Hops, Sarsaparilla, Dandelion.

—One Bottle Makes 5 Gals.—

If not readily obtained from your grocer or druggist please address a postal to U. S. Agency.

BUTLER, BREED & CO., Boston, Mass.

EMIL THAMM,

Manufacturer of

CIGARS

And Dealer in

CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCO

PIPES, ETC.

40 MAIN STREET,

SMETHPORT, PA.

WAGON,

Carriage and Blacksmith Shop

WATER ST., SMETHPORT, PA.

Wm. Masser, - Prop'r.

HORSESHOEING

A SPECIALTY.

Particular Care Taken in Shoeing Horses with

Bad Feet!

HOW'S YOUR FENCE?

We have the CHEAPEST and Best WOVEN WIRE FENCING Wire Rope Selvage.

[illegible]

FIRST-CLASS

BLACKSMITHING!

The undersigned has procured the blacksmith shop recently occupied by Charles Kreuger, on Bockram street, near Gifford's saw mill, where he is prepared to do first-class blacksmithing.

HORSESHOEING.

Satisfaction guaranteed. [illegible]

SLEIGHS

For Lumbering Purposes, with Patent Brakes, to be built.

Can Cure All Ordinary Lameness in Horse's Feet and Legs.

CHAS. WULFENDAHL.

Smethport, Aug. 9th, '89.

1890.

Produces with larger and better stock of

CYCLES,

Cripples Tricycles,

[illegible] Also more room, [illegible] school, and correctly [illegible] and shipping trade [illegible]

Have added a fine line of Safes, Writing Desks and Road Carts, and am ready to quote Low Prices.

M. A. WOODBURY,

[illegible] BRADFORD, PA.

HASKILL & BURDICK,

LIFE, FIRE,

AND

ACCIDENT INSURANCE AGENTS.

Also agents for the sale of

Pianos, Organs and Sewing Machines,

BANK BUILDING, MAIN ST.

[illegible] Smethport, Penna.

THE GREAT

ALBANY WEEKLY JOURNAL

FOUNDED BY THURLOW WEED

1830 · 1890

E PLURIBUS UNUM

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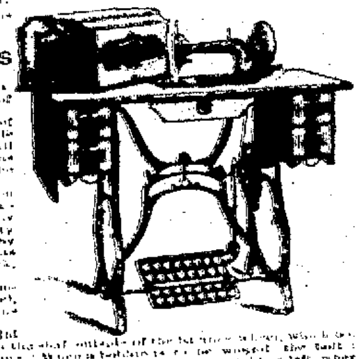

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FARM, FIELD, GARDEN.

INFORMATION OF PRACTICAL VALUE TO PROGRESSIVE AGRICULTURISTS.

How and When to Harvest the Potato Crop—When to Store and When to Sell the Tubers—Methods Practiced by a Successful Ohio Cultivator.

The annual questions are now being asked: "At just what stage should potatoes be dug?" "If dug early, will they keep?" "How shall we dig, by hand or by machinery?" "How and where shall we store for long keeping?" Divers answers are given to these queries, for the simple reason that no one set of answers will suit all conditions. Much may be learned, however, from the experiments and observations of one practical and successful grower, and these are just what are herewith presented to our readers, being a condensation of the methods of Mr. T. B. Terry, of Ohio, as stated by him in his manual on potato culture.

Mr. Terry begins to dig as soon as the potatoes are ripe, earlier if there is demand for them. When harvested and stored early he lets the potatoes stand out over night in the boxes or on the [illegible] and get perfectly cool. Then he stores early in the morning. Up to within a few years Mr. Terry believed, with many other farmers, that the four tined fork in the hands of an experienced man was the best digger. Continued experiments, however, with several of the over 500 harvesting machines in the market have decided him to substitute a two horse implement to do the digging in place of that man with his four tined fork. He finds these horse power harvesters, while by no means perfect, a wonderful step ahead of hand digging, being able to accomplish with them at least fifteen times as much as with the fork. He concludes his experiences with potato diggers by saying: "I think they do their work as well as the mowing machine cut grass during the first ten years of its manufacture." It need hardly be explained that horse power in the harvesting of potatoes pays best on large areas, and it is not advisable for small growers to buy expensive machinery when the work can be done by hand.

Many farmers keep potatoes through the winter in piles in the field, covered with straw or earth. Mr. Terry prefers selling his crop in the fall rather than running this risk. He often stores in the field temporarily, in which case he puts about fifty bushels in a pile. His plan for long storage is placing the tubers in a cellar with a floor built especially for the purpose. This floor is placed two or three inches from the cellar bottom, and is provided with ventilators from this air space up through the tubers. On such a floor potatoes may be stored six feet deep without trouble. When only a few tubers are to be stored these may be kept in barrels, boxes or bins, but even then let the packages be kept up off from the cellar bottom, so the air can circulate under them. The cellar must of course be kept quite dark and at a low, even temperature. Where large quantities are stored it will pay to regulate the temperature by means of a thermometer and an oil stove.

Mr. Terry lays great stress on the convenient and economical use of bushel boxes provided with hand holes in the ends, for marketing early potatoes and for handling the crop in the field all through the season. At the end of the season, when the boxes are filled for the last time, they may be carried into the cellar and stored away full of potatoes.

Preserving Eggs for Market.

An even temperature and protection from the air are the leading features in the preservation of eggs. The pores of the shell must be stopped for two reasons: to prevent evaporation and the consequent drying up of the contents of the shell, and to prevent the entrance of the air, which [illegible] and spoils the eggs. Of the various plans for stopping the pores the most popular and effective ones will be considered.

Liming is the most practical and effective method for preserving eggs in large quantities. This method consists in placing the eggs as soon as gathered from the nests in barrels, kegs or vats, sufficiently filled with a preservative mixture of lime water to cover them. The eggs are left in the lime water until they are required for use or for sale, when they are carefully dipped out into open crates, washed and drained. The milk of lime is made by dissolving quicklime in water at the rate of about one peck of lime to eight gallons of water. Salt and a small quantity of cream of tartar are often added. Say one and a half pounds of salt and two ounces of cream of tartar to eight gallons of lime water. The lime water should be run through a sieve and the hard lumps either crushed or removed.

Where smaller quantities of eggs are to be preserved for family use the French plan of anointing fresh eggs with a mixture of olive oil and beeswax works well. In eight ounces of hot olive oil dissolve four ounces of beeswax, and rub this over the eggs with a rag; then pack the eggs, broad end down, in wheat bran and keep in a cool place. Correspondents have reported success with the plan of packing eggs, broad end down, in dry salt. Others smear the eggs with linseed oil and pack in wheat bran. Preserved by whatever method, it is imperative that the eggs be fresh when packed, and that the packages be kept in a cool place, where the temperature will be even as possible, says The New York World, authority for the foregoing.

Manuring in the Hill.

Henry Stewart compares manuring in the hill to kindling a fire with wet wood by the help of kerosene. There is a vigorous flare up at first, but when the oil is consumed the fire dies out, or slowly smolders among the wet fuel and makes no heat. But with a well manured soil an extra application in the hill or drill with the seed, and well scattered around it, it is like a fire of dry inflammable fuel, lighted with the oil, which starts quickly and spreads rapidly through the fuel and yields a great and continuous heat.

A Square Deal for Everybody.

To enable home and land-seekers to visit the farming sections of Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota and Montana, the Great Northern Railway line will sell excursion tickets, with stop over privileges, good for thirty days, at One Fare for the Round trip, on April 22d, May 20th, September 9th, September 23rd, and October 14th, from St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth and West Superior.

This will enable purchasers to see the famous Park Region of Minnesota, the wonderful Red River Valley, Devils Lake, the Turtle Mountain and the Mouse River Regions of North Dakota; the rich valleys of the Big Sioux and James in South Dakota, and the vast fertile districts watered by the Missouri, Milk, Teton and Marias Rivers, in the great Reservation of Montana; no land grant restrictions or extra costs there in securing home-steads.

The Great Northern Railway runs three lines through the Red River Valley, is the only line to the Turtle Mountains, has three lines in South Dakota, and runs the only solid through trains of Palace Dining and Sleeping Cars, Modern Day Coaches and Free Colonist Sleepers to Fergus Falls, Moorhead, Fargo, Grand Forks, Crookston, Devils Lake, Minot, Glasgow, Chinook, Benton, Great Falls, Helena, and Butte, Montana. It is the only railway in the west owning and operating its entire superior equipment, and with solid roadway, 75-pound steel track, insures safety, comfort and speed.

Your home agent can sell you excursion tickets to over 500 points on the Great Northern Railway Line. Maps, guide books or information concerning travel or settlement along this line, cheerfully furnished by any agent of the Company, or F. I. Whitney, Gen. Pass. & Ticket Agent, G. N. Ry, St. Paul, Minn.

STRAW STACKING.

Importance of Saving All the Straw, with Directions for Doing It.

Save the straw carefully. Three pounds of oat straw has a potential feeding value equal to four pounds of average meadow hay, says a correspondent in Country Gentleman, who adds: The value of wheat or rye straw per pound is but little less. For some years yet in the Ohio and Mississippi valleys the bulk of the straw will be stored out of doors, and considering the relative prices of feed and of lumber and labor, stacking is probably the most economical. The loss in a well built stack is not great. But unfortunately a majority of the so called straw stacks are unworthy of the name. They are only straw piles, and their contents are sadly damaged. The very best hands should be put to stacking.

Two very serious faults are common: The stack is made too wide, and the middle is not kept as high as it should be. A stack always spreads, for straw will slip out somewhat in spite of all that can be done. If started as wide as it should be it will grow too wide, and then either the bulge must be sacrificed or it must be drawn in too fast. In either case the result is a poor stack. The middle always sinks the most as the stack settles, for there is the greatest weight upon it. If it is not kept high and well tramped it will be lower when the stack has settled, and the rain will be carried into instead of off the stack.

Seven Years' Experiments with Corn.

In seven years experiments at the Ohio agricultural station with deep and shallow planting of corn show an advantage in favor of planting one inch rather than two inches deep, but it seems that in dry seasons it may be better to plant two inches deep. The greatest amount of marketable corn has been produced where the stalks averaged twelve inches apart. The variations in yield were slight, whether planted one grain every twelve inches, two every twenty-four, three every thirty-six or four every forty-eight inches. Three years' trial has not indicated any marked differences in the reproductive qualities of corn from the butts, middles or tips of the ears. If there is any variation it is in favor of middles and tips and against the butts. The experiments of 1888 and 1889 indicate that corn should be cultivated more frequently in a dry season than in a wet or ordinary one. The implements used were the harrow and cultivator for shallow tillage and the [illegible] shovel for deep.

The Chestnut as a Timber Tree.

The value of the chestnut as a timber tree is increased by the fact that the stumps of cut trees have unusual power of producing shoots which soon form trunks large enough for posts and railway ties, so that a forest of chestnut trees may be cut over every thirty or forty years, and continue productive during several generations, according to Garden and Forest. The American chestnut possesses a great deal of value as an ornamental tree. It grows rapidly even in light, porous drift, and soon makes a handsome round headed specimen. It is very beautiful when it is covered early in July with its showy yellow flowers, whose odor some people find, however, extremely disagreeable. Few trees to provide its handsome glossy foliage, and the fruit, which grows and ripens in the short period of about two months and a half, possesses even in its unimproved condition, considerable money value.

Oats for Various Soils.

Oats sown in rich, light ground should not, according to high English authority, be those of the early kinds, with weak straw, which will surely fail, or, in any case, give a hard return. If, on the contrary, the earth is hot and dry, late varieties of large yielding properties are avoided, as they wither upon the stalk, probably before earing, but certainly before maturing their grain. Given the point of view of the richness of the ground, and of the length of time of vegetation which is necessary for a plant to mature, oats are divided into three classes:

1. The very early.
2. The medium.
3. The late, which need most abundant nourishment, and, above all, a prolonged time of vegetation.

"Don'ts" in Strawberry Culture.

Professor Lazenby, at a meeting of the Columbus (O.) Horticultural society, presented the following list of "don'ts" for beginners in strawberries: Don't begin on a big scale. Don't plant largely of untried varieties. Don't plant in the shade of large trees. Don't use highly nitrogenous manures. Don't plant too deep, neither too shallow. Don't fail to start the cultivator and hoe about as soon as the planting is over, and persist in their use, always keeping a mulch of loose soil about the plants. Don't keep an old strawberry bed after it is infected with insect enemies. Plow or spade it up. Don't fail to select varieties for home use from the following list: Bubach, Haverland, Sharpless, Jersey Queen, Cumberland, Crescent and Warfield.

Here and There.

Several farmers' institutes will be held in different parts of the state of New Jersey during the winter.

Sweet peas, "Dorothy Tennant" and "Stanley" are now catalogued by English florists. The first named has bold flowers of a rich purplish color, while those of the others are deep purple crimson, almost black, a distinct variety.

According to The Commercial Bulletin the exports of cattle last year were 205,786, the average value being $89; of horses there were 3,748, at an average value of $158. The average value of sheep exported was $2.84 a head.

The returns of acreage make the area devoted to potatoes practically the same as last year, according to Statistician Dodge.

The increased production of corn, wheat and oats in the southern states, as compared with the production ten years ago, is over 220,000,000 bushels.

Consumption Surely Cured.

To The Editor:—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above-named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy FREE to any of your readers who have consumption if they will send me their Express and P. O. address. Respectfully, T. A. SLOCUM, M. C., 181 Pearl St., N. Y.

Miles' Nerve & Liver Pills.

An important discovery. They act on the liver, stomach and bowels through the nerves. A new principle. They speedily cure biliousness, bad taste, torpid liver, piles and constipation. Splendid for men, women and children. Smallest, mildest, surest. 30 doses for 25 cents. Samples free at A. B. Armstrong's drug store.

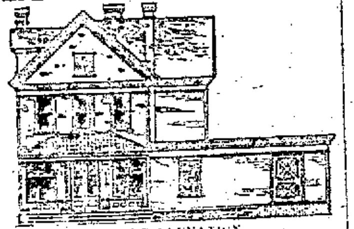
Put on the Brakes

If you find you are going down hill in point of health. Failing strength, impaired digestion and assimilation are the marks of decline. Check these and other indications of premature decay with the grand vitalizer and restraining tonic, Hostetters Stomach Bitters. Beginning at the fountain head, the stomach, the Bitters remedies its inefficiency, corrects its errors, and sets it vigorously at work. The digestive organ is thus enabled to thoroughly separate from the food its nutritive principles, which the blood assimilating, is enriched. Thus is the system nourished, and being nourished strengthened, and abnormal waste of its tissues stayed. Appetite, the power to rest well, a regular habit are also re-established, and the various functions move once more in their natural and healthful groove. The Bitters, moreover, is a specific for and preventive of malarial complaints, rheumatism, biliousness and kidney troubles.

COMBINATION STORE AND DWELLING

Plans and Description of a Convenient Structure.

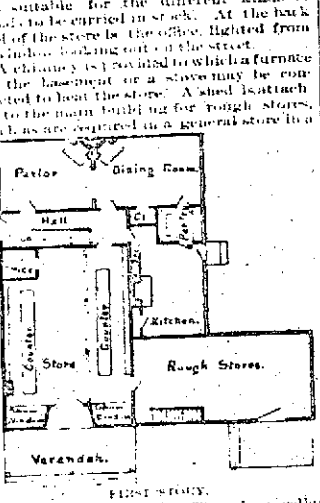
These illustrations show a convenient arrangement of a store and dwelling house combined. It is situated on the corner of the main thoroughfare and a cross street,



FRONT ELEVATION.

the front being on the main street, while the entrance to the dwelling is on the side street, if a convenient position but more retired than it would be on the thoroughfare. The first floor comprises the principal store, with a broad veranda extending across the front, from which steps descend to the street. There are two large show windows in front and glazed doors, with a head light to secure as much light as possible. The window sashes are divided into four lights, glazed with double thick sheet glass. The windows could be made in one light by substituting plate glass for the above, but it would add considerable to the expense. On each side of the store are arranged shelves and counters suitable for the different kinds of goods to be carried in stock. At the back end of the store is the office, lighted from a window looking out on the street.

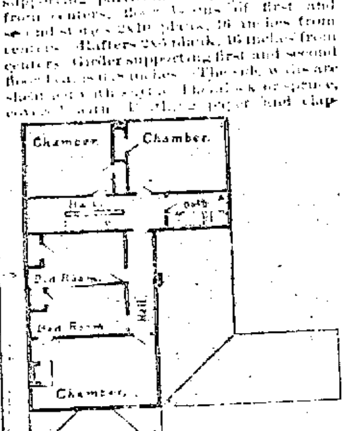
A chimney is provided to which a furnace in the basement or a stove may be connected to heat the store. A shed is attached to the main building for rough stores, such as are required in a general store in a



FIRST STORY.

small town or village. There is a cellar extending under the entire building. The dwelling contains a hall, parlor, dining room and pantry on the first story, with a bathroom and two good sized chambers on the second story, with appropriate closets for each. Above the store is one large chamber and two bedrooms. The attic is unfinished with the exception of the floor and the bedroom for a servant. The foundation walls are of stone or brick, eighteen inches thick, laid up with good cement mortar, chimneys of hard brick, walls and ceiling of store are ceiled with [illegible] inch by 2½ inches tongued and grooved whitewood, painted white. The side walls and ceilings of the dwelling and the rooms above the store are hard finished on two coats of brown mortar and well seasoned lath.

The building above the foundation walls is of wood. Studding of outside walls and supporting partitions 2x4 plank, 16 inches from centers, floor beams of first and second stories 2x10 pieces, 16 inches from centers. Rafters 2x6 plank, 16 inches from centers. Girder supporting first and second floor beams 8x8 inches. The side walls are sheathed with [illegible] hemlock or spruce, covered with building paper and clap



SECOND STORY.

boarded with [illegible] beveled white pine [illegible] to the weather. The [illegible] roof of main building are shingled with cedar, laid 5 inches to the weather; the roof of the kitchen veranda and store shed are tinned with I. C. char coal tin [illegible] standing seams.

All outside work [illegible] painted two coats with best white lead and pure linseed oil. All metal work painted with red lead. All doors of white pine, with four and six panels, molded both sides, with suitable bolts, locks, knobs, etc.; hearth, mantle, plumbing, copper bath tub, porcelain washbowl and washout closet, galvanized iron sink, etc., completed.

This building can be erected for about $3,000. DAVID W. KING.

No little amount of amateur skill has been expended of late in the artistic filling in of fire places. Textiles in folds, plaitings and hangings admit of countless varieties of arrangement. A unique screen is formed of a board to which climbing plants, previously dried, painted and varnished, are attached. One screen is of gilded wire backed by white paper, its center being ornamented with a modeled group of flowers in compo pressed to the position they hold while in a plastic state. Fine tracery work in wood cut by the scroll saw and backed by silk or satin is also seen. Another screen is made of long Japanese pipe like beads of many colors, strung on silk cords and arranged so as to present to view conventionalized figures.—Decorator and Furnisher.

In a drawing room the structural joinery is painted a creamy white. The wall filling is a printed floriated velveteen of a yellow reddish tone. Above there is a clever low relief Tynecastle canvas frieze, and springing from that a salmon tinted cove ceiling. This leads up to a pale salmon ceiling. This somewhat ready scheme of color enshrines various pieces of rosewood furniture, among which is an inlaid cabinet, possessing marquetry decorations which are surprisingly beautiful.—Decorator and Furnisher.

The Only One.

Again it affords us much pleasure to be able to record the fact that the Pittsburg Exposition opened its doors promptly as advertised. The many things to be seen are worthy of much of our space, but we will dwell only on one exhibit, the only one of its kind at the great show. Well may we say it is worthy comment. We refer with pride to the display of Mr. Max Klein, the wholesale liquor merchant. There you will find a complete distillery in full operation. His Silver Age Rye stands on a pyramid high enough to overlook all other displays; the bbls and cases show at once the extent of his trades, conveying the impression that he ships to all parts of the country. His Pennsylvania Rye Whiskies, his imported and domestic wines, brandies and cordials are prominent features. No other liquor house in the country would care to compete with him in making a display, and no other house in his line can or will sell goods as pure at such reasonable prices. You can leave orders at his stand or apply to him direct for his complete catalogue and price list. Such a house should receive the custom of all who wish fair treatment and to Max Klein 82 Federal St., Allegheny, Pa., we can recommend you.

—English Spavin Liniment removes all hard, soft or calloused lumps and blemishes from horses, blood spavin, curbs, splints, sweeney, ring-bone, stifles, sprains, all swollen throats, coughs, etc. Save $50 by use of one bottle. Warranted the most wonderful blemish cure ever known. Sold by A. B. Armstrong, druggist, Smethport. 26 42-1y

—Cortland county creamery butter can be found at J. H. Stull's meat market, East Smethport, Pa.

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PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION.

It has permanently cured THOUSANDS of cases pronounced by doctors hopeless. If you have premonitory symptoms, such as Cough, Difficulty of Breathing, &c., don't delay, but use PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION immediately. By Druggists. 25 cents.

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Western New York & Pa. R. R.

(FORMERLY B., N. Y. & P. R. R.)

Time Table in effect Oct. 20, 1889.

Trains will leave Smethport for Larrabee, Eldred, Olean, Bradford, Rochester and Buffalo as follows:

BUFFALO EXPRESS .... 9:05 A. M.

BUFFALO MAIL .... 3:02 P. M.

For Clermont, Johnsonburg, and points south:

CLERMONT MAIL .... [illegible] A. M.

CLERMONT ACCOMMODA'N .... 12:25 P. M.

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TIME TABLE IN EFFECT DEC. [illegible]

WESTWARD.				EASTWARD.		
p.m.	a.m.	a.m.	STATIONS	a.m.	p.m.	p.m.
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	...Bradford...	7 50	[illegible]	[illegible]
5 45	11 15	[illegible]	...Kinzua Junc...	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
5 12	[illegible]	[illegible]	...Rew City...	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
4 50	10 34	[illegible]	...Rixford...	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
4 42	10 31	[illegible]	...Duke Centre...	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
4 35	10 15	[illegible]	...Eldred...	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
			B. E. & C. R. R.			
[illegible]	[illegible]		...Ceres...	[illegible]	[illegible]	
3 32	9 17		...Little Genesee...	[illegible]	[illegible]	
[illegible]	[illegible]		...Lv. Bolivar Ar...	11 45	[illegible]	
[illegible]	[illegible]		...Allentown...	11 43	[illegible]	
[illegible]	[illegible]		...Wellsville ar...	12 20	[illegible]	
p.m.	a.m.	a.m.		a.m.	a.m.	p.m.
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	...Bradford...	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
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[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	...Aiken...	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	8 19	...Davis...	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	...Simpson...	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	...Ormsby...	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	...Smethport...	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	7 08	...Mt. Jewett...	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	1 40	6 40	...Kane...	10 10	[illegible]	[illegible]

JNO. C. McKENNA,
Superintendent.

COUDERSPORT & PORT ALLEGANY Railroad Time Table, takes effect Monday, [illegible]

AR. EASTW'D.			STATIONS.	LV. WESTW'D.	
A.M.	P.M.	P.M.		A.M.	P.M.
[illegible]	8.34	1.17	...Coudersport...	8.00	[illegible]
11.02	8.29	1.13	...Hammonds...	8.04	[illegible]
10.56	8.25	[illegible]	...Fish Basket...	8.07	[illegible]
10.51	8.22	[illegible]	...Olmsted...	8.12	[illegible]
10.46	8.17	1.00	...Nelsons...	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	8.09	12.52	...Knowlton...	8.24	[illegible]
[illegible]	8.05	12.45	...Roulette...	8.31	[illegible]
[illegible]	7.58	12.40	...Pomeroy Bridge...	[illegible]	[illegible]
10.16	7.51	[illegible]	...Burtville...	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	7.45	[illegible]	...Coleman...	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	7.40	12.17	...Port Allegany...	[illegible]	[illegible]

Trains run on eastern standard time.

B. A. McCLURE, Supt.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

PHILADELPHIA & ERIE DIVISION TIME TABLE. In effect May 18, 1890.

TRAINS LEAVE EMPORIUM JUNCTION

EASTWARD.

6:25, a. m.—Day Express daily except Sunday, for Sunbury, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, Lancaster, Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore and Washington, arriving at Philadelphia 6:30 p. m., New York 9:30 p. m., Baltimore 6:45 p. m., Washington [illegible] p. m. Pullman Parlor car through from Williamsport to Philadelphia.

[illegible] p. m.—Erie Mail daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Phila., New York, Baltimore and Washington, arriving at Philadelphia 6:50 a. m., New York 9:30 a. m., Baltimore 6:45 a. m., Washington 7:30 a. m. Through Pullman sleeping cars are run on this train from Erie and Williamsport to Philadelphia. Passengers in sleeper for Baltimore and Washington will be transferred into Washington sleeper at Harrisburg, and through passenger cars from Erie to Philadelphia and from Williamsport to Baltimore.

WESTWARD.

10:25 a. m.—Erie Mail daily for Erie and intermediate stations with through Pullman Palace car and through passenger coaches to Erie.

7:13 p. m.—Niagara Express, daily except Sunday for Kane and intermediate stations with through passenger coaches to Kane.

THROUGH TRAINS for EMPORIUM JUNCTION FROM THE EAST AND SOUTH.

Niagara Express leaves New York [illegible] Philadelphia 8:50 a. m., Baltimore [illegible] daily except Sunday, arriving at Emporium Junction 7:13 p. m., with through Pullman Parlor car from Philadelphia to Williamsport.

Erie Mail leaves New York 8:00 p. m., Philadelphia 11:25 p. m., Washington [illegible] Baltimore 11:20 p. m., daily arriving at Emporium June. 10:25 a.m., with through Pullman Palace sleeping cars from Philadelphia to Erie and from Washington and Baltimore to Williamsport and through passenger coaches from Philadelphia to Erie.

CHAS. E. PUGH, General Manager.

J. R. WOOD, Gen'l Passenger Agt.

Homeseekers will find the last of the public domain of agricultural and grazing value along the Great Northern Ry. in North Dakota and Montana.	Free Lands.
New Towns	100 or more along the Great Northern Railway Line. Business chances. Write F. I. Whitney, St. Paul, Minn., for Books, Maps, &c. Write now.
Along the Great Northern Ry. Line in North Dakota and Montana, get low rates and fine markets for products.	Low Rates.
Hunting, Fishing.	Finest resorts in America along Great Northern Ry. Line in Minnesota, Dakota and Montana. Best climate for health seekers.
Montana produces the finest Horses and Cattle. Free ranges yet in Mouse, Milk and Sun River Valleys and Great Falls.	Horses, Cattle.
Health Wealth.	In Montana. Free Lands. New Towns. New railways. New Mines. Low Rates. Largest area of good vacant lands.
Sweet Grass Hills, Milk and Sun River Valleys, Montana, reached only by the Great Northern Railway Line. The stock raisers' paradise.	Sheep, Hogs.
Gold, Coal.	The region tributary to Great Northern Ry. Line in Montana produces all precious and baser metals. New towns and railways are being built.
Go to the great reservation of Montana and get a good free homestead. Low rates and free sleepers on Great Northern Ry. Line. Go now.	Take Advice.
Herds, Mines.	These have made Montana the richest state per capita in the Union. Plenty of room for more miners and stock raisers. Now is the time.
Along the Great Northern Railway Line in Montana are free ranches and pasturage, mines of precious metals, iron and coal, and new cities and towns. Now is your chance.	Young Man!
Great Falls.	Surrounded by a fine agricultural and grazing country, close to mines of precious metals, iron and coal, possessing a water power unequaled in America, it is Montana's industrial centre.
The valleys of Red, Mouse, Missouri, Milk and Sun Rivers reached by Great Northern Ry. Line. Half rate excursions Sept. 9, 23, & Oct. 14 1890. Write F. I. Whitney, St. Paul, Minn.	G. N. R. L.

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N. B.—Would be pleased to have you call on me.

FOR MEN ONLY!

[illegible] LOST or FAILING MANHOOD; General and NERVOUS DEBILITY; Weakness of Body and Mind, Effects of Errors or Excesses in Old or Young. [illegible]

ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.